

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 27.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1897.

NUMBER 4

## NEW DRESS GOODS!

Of course you know we've got them. You have heard your neighbors talk about them.

The handsomest all wool novelties ever shown by any retailer at 25c worth more money but while the present supply lasts the price is 25c.

**Don't Wait.**

The most desirable patterns will be closed out.

**W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.**

## DRILLS

And Spring Tooth

## HARROWS

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Special Prices on Lumber Wagons, Top Buggies and Surry's for September.

**W. J. KNAPP.**

## Canned Goods

For campers and picnic parties. A complete line always on hand.

## Sweet Goods,

We carry a very choice line. Prices right.

## Confectionery.

We carry one of the finest lines in town. Give us a trial order.

Remember we carry a line of choice groceries.

**GEO. FULLER.**

## Good Things to Eat At Eppler's Market.

Home-grown Meats and Poultry.

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior. Pure steam kettle rendered lard a specialty. Fry our Summer Sausage. Orders promptly filled and delivered.

**ADAM EPPLER.**

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

## JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

## Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

### Day of Sports.

Chelsea's Annual Day of Sports, will be held on Saturday, Sept. 25, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp. The following is the program:

#### HORSE RACES.

Three minute trot or pace, best 3 in 5, half-mile heats. Purse \$16.00; 1st 8, 2nd 5 and 3rd 3.

2:35 trot or pace, best 3 in 5, half-mile heats. Purse \$20.00; 1st 10, 2nd 6, 3rd 4.

Free-for-all trot or pace, best 3 in 5, half-mile heats. Purse \$30.00; 1st 15, 2nd 9, and 3rd 6.

Entrance fee for above races will be \$1.00.

Running race. Purse \$6.00; 1st 3, 2nd 2 and 3rd 1. Entrance fee 50 cents.

#### BICYCLE RACES.

One-mile dash. Purse \$6.00; 1st 3, 2nd 2 and 3rd 1. Winners of this race are not eligible to half-mile race.

Half-mile race, best two in three. Purse \$5.00; 1st 2.50, 2nd 1.50 and 3rd 1.

Half-mile dash for boys under 16 years. Purse \$2.00; 1st 1, 2nd 60c and 3rd 40c.

#### FOOT RACES.

Half-mile dash. Purse \$5.00; 1st 2.50, 2nd 1.50 and 3rd 1. 3 to enter

100 yard dash. Purse \$2.00; 1st 1, 2nd 60c and 3rd 40c.

#### BALL GAME.

Pinckney vs. Chelsea. Purse \$25.00; winning club 15, losing club 10. Game called at 3 p. m.

To close with grand baloon race.

Good music in attendance.

Come one, come all.

Admission 15 cents. Children under 10 years and teams free.

### Wheat Market.

Chicago, Sept. 14, 1897.

The farmer can still sell his wheat and corn at a price that seems like a fairy tale in comparison with the low values of the last two years. To-day the market for December wheat was at one time up to 96½¢, while May corn brought 36 cents.

The great majority of people who study market conditions do not believe that there will be any material reduction from present values. They argue from a basis of 90 cents as a possible low point for wheat but asserts that in view of the admitted enormous European shortage wheat might be worth \$1.15 per bushel on the present crop. These people firmly believe that dollar wheat will be an ordinary article of commerce next winter, and 40-cent corn is also in their catalogue of probabilities. They point to the fact that even at the present comparatively high range of prices there is an immense export business being done, 80 boat loads being taken in New York to-day.

It is beyond question the wheat market is buoyant and facts which would ordinarily depress it to a serious degree are at present ineffective Bradstreet to-day reported the increase in the world's visible for the last week at 5,700,000 bushels, but this was more than offset by the buying orders which seem to flood the market every time there is a reaction. The close to-day at 94½¢-½¢, was at the low point of the session, but it was a cent above yesterday's low point. There is little disposition to sell the market short, which shows that even the bears do not regard present price as too high.

The following table shows the high and low price and the close of the principal commodities dealt in on the Chicago Board of Trade.

	High.	Low.	Close.
Sept. Wheat	95½	95¼	94¾
Dec. Wheat	96½	94½	94½
Sept. Corn	32¾	32	32½
May Corn	36	35¼	35¼
Dec. Oats	21¼	21½	21½
May Oats	24¼	23¾	24
Oct. Lard-Per 100 lbs.	5.55	4.45	4.43
Dec. Lard-Per 100 lbs.	4.63	4.50	4.50
Sept. Ribs.	5.35	5.17	5.20
Oct. Ribs.	4.90	4.80	4.80

## Pure Cider Vinegar

For

## Pickling!

## Pure Spices!

Mustard,

Cloves,

Cinnamon,

Tumeric,

Celery Seed,

etc., etc.

At the

## Bank Drug Store.

## DRILLS!

We have **The Farmer's Favorite** Grain Drill, the best drill in the market at the present time. It has the double force feed grain distributors, which prevents clogging, bunching or skipping in feed. It works equally well for all kinds of seed, also beans and corn.

We also have Drill Rubbers and Points. We are making low prices on Wagons, Buggies and Bean Harvesters.

**HOAG & HOLMES.**



## A MAN'S ATTIRE

Is his certificate of respectability.

Suits and Overcoats we produce have this certificate. Try us and be convinced.

**GEO. WEBSTER.**

## For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

## Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

## THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

### DOMESTIC.

Miss Mabel Morrill, aged 22 years, of East Cambridge, Mass., while riding a bicycle, fell into an excavation and was killed.

Charles E. Gower, a molder of Allegheny, Pa., was shot and killed by traps on a freight train near Beaver Falls.

The eighth annual convention of the National Association of Post Office Clerks convened at Baltimore, about 250 delegates being present.

As the result of a fire at Roxbury, Mass., Mrs. Stewart and her son (colored) lost their lives.

The body of a woman, shockingly mutilated, was found in the woods near Laurel, Md.

Fire in Philadelphia, which broke out in the basket and wickerware factory of John M. Rowe Sons & Co., did damage to the amount of \$100,000.

George W. Clarke broke the world's high-dive record by jumping off the railing of the Halsted street bridge in Chicago when the structure was raised to an elevation of 165 feet.

The chief business portion of Cairo, W. Va., was wiped out by fire.

In a fit of jealous rage, at his home in Toledo, O., S. R. Ashwell shot and killed his wife, then turned the weapon upon himself and inflicted injuries that will cause his death.

Labor day was generally observed throughout the country by parades and picnics.

As the result of a quarrel near Richard Center, Wis., Dick Thompson was instantly killed by Jerome Fry.

Yellow fever was said to have broken out in Louisiana, and several deaths have occurred in various portions of the state.

Henry Wall was lynched near Friends Mission, Va., by a mob for ravishing and afterwards murdering Miss Sadie Cook.

Customs inspectors at Laredo, Tex., found an unclaimed valise on a train containing \$200,000 worth of diamonds, jewelry and other valuables.

Four warehouses in Philadelphia were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$200,000.

Fenton Waite, aged seven, and Lily Boldan, aged three, were killed by street cars in Toledo, O.

R. R. Ackert, the oldest conductor in point of service on the Washab road, fell from his train near Belknap, Ia., and died from his injuries.

Henry H. Tillotson shot and killed his sweetheart, Ella Taylor, at Victor, Col., and then killed himself with the same weapon. Jealousy was the cause.

The National Association of Stationary Engineers met in annual session in Columbus, O. Gov. Bushnell welcomed the convention to the state.

Henry Hjam, aged 60, of Chestertown, Ind., shot his wife, probably fatally, and then shot himself. He was insane.

The full text of the formal acceptance by the Japanese government of the proposal to arbitrate its differences with Hawaii has been received in Washington. Japan proposes the king of the Belgians as the sole arbitrator.

President Ratchford, of the miners' organization, said he believed the miners would accept the 65-cent rate and return to work.

The breaking out of yellow fever at Ocean Springs, Miss., New Orleans and other places has caused a very widespread alarm in the south.

A terrible explosion of nitroglycerin occurred at Cygnet, O., which resulted in the death of at least six persons.

Evan Hiester, aged 45 years; Warren Faust, aged 10, and Leon Faust, aged 7, were instantly killed by a train at a crossing near Reading, Pa.

At Toosin, Ind., Burt Miller, a school-teacher, shot and killed his young wife in a fit of jealousy. They had been married but a short time.

The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country say that warm weather had helped corn, but more rain was needed.

President Andrews, of Brown university sent a letter to the corporation formally renewing his resignation.

John Egan, aged 84, and his wife, aged 80, died within a few hours of each other near Pittsburgh, Pa., and were buried in the same grave. They had been married 50 years.

Snow fell for several hours at Butte, Mont.

Passenger trains collided on the Santa Fe road three miles east of Emporia, Kan., and 12 persons were killed and ten or twelve others badly wounded.

Lutie A. Lytle, a 23-year-old negro, was admitted to the bar at Memphis, Tenn. She is the only colored woman in the United States that is a member of the bar.

The steamer St. Louis made the trip from Sandy Hook to Southampton in 6 days 10 hours and 14 minutes, breaking all previous ocean records.

H. S. Perry was hanged at Atlanta, Ga., for the murder of Bely Lanier at Deatur.

The wheat crop of Michigan this year is placed at 24,821,987 bushels, the largest yield since 1892.

The sixteenth national encampment of the Sons of Veterans opened at Indianapolis with an informal reception at the Denison house.

Ballington Booth's Volunteers, opposition to the Salvation Army, disbanded in St. Louis.

A yacht capsized in Lake St. Clair and Thomas Newsome, Herman Gerters, Jay Tansey, Thomas Fritz, Charles Rice and Grant Murray, all of Detroit, were drowned.

Gen. Frank Reeder, secretary of state, sent his resignation to Gov. Hastings, of Pennsylvania.

The frigate Constellation, lying at the naval station at Newport, L. I., celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her launching.

The twenty-first annual reunion of the Army of West Virginia began at Columbus, O.

James Quinn, a well-known citizen of Park City, Utah, killed his wife and then shot himself. Strong drink is said to have been the cause of the tragedy.

James Robinson, who on August 8 murdered his wife at their home in Fieldsboro, N. J., died in the jail at Mount Holly of tuberculosis.

Ninety-six families at Carlinville, Ill., the heads of which are striking miners, are in dire distress, wholly without food and in danger of starvation.

Later advices say that 12 known dead, one missing (probably incinerated) and fourteen injured, two of whom will likely die, is the record of the terrible head-on collision on the Santa Fe road near Emporia, Kan.

It was reported that in a collision a mile west of Newcastle, Col., between a Denver & Rio Grande passenger train and a freight 25 persons were killed.

It was said that the drought in Nebraska would reduce the corn crop at least 75,000,000 bushels.

Millions of feet of timber have been destroyed by a forest fire in the Big Horn country in Wyoming.

The annual report of the auditor for the interior department shows that the amount paid for pensions during the last year was \$140,477,637.

A claim is made that the city of Chattanooga, Tenn., is on Georgia soil, and a resurvey of the boundary will probably be made.

The will of the late Charles T. Wilder, of Wellesley, Mass., leaves over \$100,000 to charitable and educational institutions.

The Tulane Athletic club of New Orleans has offered \$20,000 for a fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The death is announced of ex-Congressman Lew Hanback at Armourdale, Kan.

Ex-Congressman T. T. Flagler, of Lockport, Niagara county, N. Y., is dead, aged 86 years.

President and Mrs. McKinley, after visiting their Canton friends, left for Somerset, Pa., there to be the guests of Abner McKinley, of New York, at his summer home.

The marriage of Rev. Harry Newland Mount, only son of Gov. Mount, and Miss Verda R. Bell, was solemnized in the First Presbyterian church at Crawfordsville, Ind.

Gen. James Longstreet was married at Atlanta, Ga., to Miss Ellen Dortch, who is many years younger than her illustrious husband.

Consul-General Fitzhugh Lee arrived in New York from Havana on board the Segurana.

The Massachusetts prohibitionists have nominated Prof. J. Bascom, of Williamstown, for governor.

The Ohio "gold" democrats met at Columbus and nominated a full state ticket headed by Julius Dexter, of Cincinnati, for governor.

Rev. Jeremiah C. Long, an aged minister at Monroeville, Ala., died suddenly at the very time he predicted.

### FOREIGN.

The trades union congress met in Birmingham, England, 390 delegates being present, representing 1,250,000 unionists.

Mont Mayon, south of the Island of Luzon, Philippine islands, was said to be in a state of violent eruption. Several villages were said to have been destroyed and 500 persons killed.

A special meeting of the Hawaiian senate has convened to consider the proposed annexation treaty with the United States.

Sir William Cave, judge of the high court of justice, died in London, aged 65 years.

The governor of German New Guinea has been killed by the natives.

Barril, the anarchist who shot the Barcelona (Spain) police officials, has been sentenced to 40 years' imprisonment.

The government of Mexico has issued notices that sailing vessels, coal laden, will be admitted to Mexican ports free of tonnage duties.

It is announced on good authority that the Spanish ministry will go out within two weeks and will be succeeded by a liberal cabinet headed by Senor Sagasta.

It is announced that a concession to complete the Panama canal has been given to England.

Louise, queen of Denmark, celebrated her eightieth birthday in Copenhagen. At Guadaloupe in the West Indies almost continuous shocks of earthquake were being experienced.

Advices from Cuba say that Gen. Bartolome Maso has been elected president of the provisional government.

In the new customs tariff of Cuba nearly all American goods are subjected to lower duties.

The ambassadors met in conference in Constantinople with reference to the details of the peace treaty, but there was no definite advance in the negotiations.

The government of Great Britain has been directed by the queen to furnish information to the United States authorities when anarchists are known to be embarking for the United States.

### LATER.

The strike situation reached a terrible crisis on the outskirts of Latimer, Pa., when a band of deputy sheriffs fired into an infuriated mob of miners, killing 13 or 20 and injuring many others. Gov. Hastings called out the Third brigade of the state militia to prevent any further bloodshed.

An explosion in a mine near Johannesburg, South Africa, killed 30 men.

The latest intelligence from Labrador confirms the reports of the complete failure of the codfishery this season.

December wheat broke all former records in St. Louis, dating back to war times, by soaring up to \$1.01 1/2 a bushel.

The minister of war in Madrid cabled Capt. Gen. Weyler asking for an explanation regarding the capture by the insurgents of Victoria de Las Tunas, province of Santiago de Cuba, which is defended by seven forts.

The British fishing fleet in Iceland lost six boats during the past season and 30 persons were drowned.

Gen. George D. Ruggles, who has been adjutant general of the army since November, 1893, has been retired, having reached the age of 64 years.

John O'Donnell died at his home in Bloomington, Ill., aged 102 years.

Later advices from the railway collision near New Castle, Col., say that 30 persons were killed and 185 others were injured, some fatally.

For the first time in many years the treasurer of the United States officially informed the subtreasurers that gold is not wanted by the government. The gold reserve on the 10th was \$145,091,435.

The steam whaler Navaroh of San Francisco, cruising in the arctic waters, got caught in an iceberg and 42 men lost their lives.

Richard Holt Hutton, the famous literary critic and editor of the Spectator since 1861, died in London, aged 71 years.

There were 215 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 10th, against 191 the week previous and 315 in the corresponding period of 1896.

By the explosion of a boiler at a brewery at Hoenstaedt, Austria, 11 persons were killed and many were injured.

The steamship Cleveland reached Seattle, Wash., from St. Michaels, bringing 65 passengers, many of whom are from the gold fields. They have with them \$400,000 in gold dust.

The Cleveland also brings news of the probable loss of the steamer Eliza Anderson, with 125 gold seekers on board.

The great miners' strike which was declared on July 4 was brought to an end at Columbus, O., by the action of the interstate convention of miners, which voted to accept the compromise of 65 cents a ton.

Charles Gibson (colored) was lynched by a mob near Macon, Ga., for assaulting a white woman named Chapman.

The latest news from the scene of the shooting of miners by deputy sheriffs at Latimer, Pa., say that 21 were killed and 40 others were injured. Four thousand state troops were preserving order.

The Norwegian bark Alette was wrecked in a gale off Yokohama and ten of the crew were drowned.

In the great match race at Medford, Mass., between Star Pointer and Joe Patchen for a purse of \$4,000, Star Pointer won, his best time being 2:03 1/4.

Fire at Hubbard, Ia., destroyed one-half the business blocks in town.

On the Crystal palace track in London J. W. Stocks lowered the world's one-mile bicycle record, standing start, going the distance in 1:44.

The British steamer Polyphemus was damaged in a collision near Jebel Tar, an island of the Red sea, and 27 of the crew were drowned.

In a blast at a quarry near the City of Mexico 24 persons were killed and many others were injured.

President McKinley has pardoned Francis A. Coffin, convicted of wrecking the Indianapolis national bank and sentenced one year ago to eight years' imprisonment.

At San Carlos, Mexico, three distinct earthquake shocks were felt in the space of five minutes.

Two maiden sisters, Miss Harriet C. Sheldon, 82 years of age, and Miss Matilda Sheldon, aged 86, were fatally burned at their home in Lynn, Mass., by the upsetting of a kerosene stove.

At the annual meeting in Indianapolis of the Sons of Veterans Charles K. Darling, of Boston, was elected commander in chief, and Miss Kate G. Raynor, of Toledo, O., was chosen president of the Ladies' Aid society.

Mrs. Sarah Wright died at Flat Rock, Mich., aged 101 years.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 11th were: Baltimore, 708; Boston, 703; New York, 647; Cincinnati, 574; Cleveland, 495; Washington, 470; Chicago, 453; Brooklyn, 449; Pittsburgh, 439; Philadelphia, 432; Louisville, 412; St. Louis, 331.

## THE STRIKE ENDS.

The Convention at Columbus Accepts the Compromise.

Miners Will Receive Sixty-Five Cents Per Ton - Resolutions Adopted - Will Resume Work in Ten Days.

Columbus, O., Sept. 13.—The great miners' strike, which was declared on July 4, was brought to an end Saturday evening, so far at least as Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia are concerned, by the action of the interstate convention of miners, which has been in session here since Wednesday.

After a day of voting and wrangling the convention adopted a resolution accepting the proposition of the Pittsburgh operators. The vote was 495 for and 317 against accepting the terms of settlement, 11 votes not being cast. The delegates from Illinois, who had 250 votes, were unanimously against a settlement. Indiana and West Virginia voted solidly to accept the operators' proposition, but there were scattering votes among the Ohio and Pittsburgh delegates against it. The resolutions adopted are as follows:

"Resolved, That we, the miners of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, in convention assembled, do hereby agree to accept the proposition recommended by our national executive committee, viz., 65 cents in the Pittsburgh district, all places in above-named states where a relative price can be obtained, to resume work and contribute liberally to the miners who do not receive the advance, where the fight must be continued to a bitter finish.

"Resolved, That the national officers, executive board and district presidents act as an advisory board for the purpose of providing ways and means for the carrying on of the strike where necessary, provided, however, that no district resume work for ten days, for the purpose of giving miners in other districts time to confer with their operators and get the price if possible."

While ten days is provided for the miners to resume work, it is probable many of the Ohio and Pittsburgh mines will be reopened at once. The convention adopted resolutions indorsing the action of the national executive board in recommending a settlement on the terms proposed.

The Illinois miners will be called in convention at Springfield September 19 to determine what shall be done in that state. Some of the Illinois delegates are very bitter in their denunciation of the action of the convention, since they claim their interests have not been given due consideration.

A resolution was adopted denouncing the action of the deputies in firing into the crowd of striking miners at Hazleton, Pa.

President Ratchford said that he was well pleased with the result of the convention and continued:

"It is as complete a national settlement of the miners' wage question as we have ever had. We will have to fight De Armit in Pennsylvania, of course, will have the northern operators to whip into line and we will have some fighting to do in West Virginia. The Indiana operators, however, have already offered to pay the scale. It has been several years since there was a well-defined wage scale for West Virginia. Since then the mining conditions have changed there so much that we will probably have to call a conference of miners and operators to fix a new scale."

"The best thing about it is that it is an agreement. Nobody has been whipped. There is to be a conference in December to fix the wages for 1898, and the present wages are to be paid the rest of the year."

"I don't recall when there was a better prospect for undisturbed wage conditions in the mining industry than now."

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 13.—The operators of the Pittsburgh district may repudiate their agreement with the miners' officials in regard to the 65-cent rate. When they agreed to pay it they did not figure on a ten days' delay, but supposed the miners would go to work at once. They claim treachery on the part of the miners' officials, and it is now a matter of surmise whether the mines will resume at the price agreed on.

## WAR ON SPIRITS.

The Anti-Spiritualism Crusade Is Now Fairly Started.

Anderson, Ind., Sept. 13.—The national conference of the anti-spiritualistic leaders of every state in the union which was held in this city last week resulted in the organization of the National Anti-Spiritualistic Association of America, which will this week begin the organization of state organizations.

The meeting was beyond all expectations in point of size and attendance. Every section of the nation was represented. The next annual meeting will probably be held in Columbus, O.

The Ohio association posted a \$50,000 cash challenge Friday to any medium in the country who would present any phase of mediumship or phenomena that could not be reproduced and exposed.

## A FATAL BLAST.

Twenty-Four Persons Killed and Many Wounded in Mexico.

City of Mexico, Sept. 13.—Twenty-four persons, mainly spectators of the great blast at Panucla's quarry, on the Vera Cruz railway, were instantly killed. The blast went off and the people rushed forward to see the effects when gases in the air ignited, causing a terrible explosion with awful results. Two cavalrymen were on guard and were killed with their horses. Many people were wounded. The quarry supplies rock for Vera Cruz harbor improvements.

## THE CHIEF THING

In Maintaining Good Health is Pure, Rich, Nourishing Blood.

The blood carries nourishment and furnishes support for the organs, nerves and muscles. It must be made rich and pure if you would have strong nerves, good digestion, sound sleep, or if you would be rid of that tired feeling, those disagreeable pimples, eczema, or scrofula. No medicine is equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for purifying the blood. It is a medicine of genuine merit and will do you wonderful good. Try it now.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

New Through Passenger Route for Colorado, Utah and California.

The Chicago Times-Herald of August 27 says that on September 12 the new traffic alliance between the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway goes into effect, and on that date the former will send its first Denver sleeper out of Chicago. This will be attached to its regular night train for Omaha, and will be delivered there to the Rock Island. On October 2 the tourist car route over these two lines, the Colorado Midland and Southern Pacific, will be inaugurated. Tourist cars will be run once a week between Chicago and San Francisco. For further details regarding this new route call on or address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, C. M. & St. P. Ry., 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

## Circumstances Alter Cases.

"This here speculation in wheat on the stock exchange is gamblin' pure and simple," said the farmer, who was a deacon and a strict disciplinarian, "an' the Lord won't prosper them that wins by it."

"Well, father," replied his son, "I'm sorry to hear that, for I placed that money you gave me and made \$900 by the deal."

The old man coughed, wiped his glasses, and then said:

"Well, well! Providence does work in mysterious ways! The parson wuz sayin' last week that the church need painin', an' besides—that's a mortgage on the farm that order be lifted, an' one o' two other little accounts that's got ter be squared. Well, well!"—Atlanta Constitution.

## Gross Outrages

Upon the stomach and bowels are perpetrated by multitudes of injudicious people who, upon experiencing the annoyance of constipation in a slight degree, infiltrate their bowels with drenching evacuants, which enfeeble the intestinal membrane to a serious extent, sometimes, even, super-inducing dysentery or piles. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the true succedaneum for these noxious, since it is at once invigorating, gentle and effectual. It also banishes dyspepsia, malarial complaints, rheumatism and kidney troubles.

## Height of Impropriety.

"Do you know," said the girl in blue, "while we were sitting in the hammock, and just as I thought he was about to propose, a garter snake suddenly appeared."

"How indelicate!" returned the girl in pink.—Chicago Post.

## Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as an adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomachs receive it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

The measure of manhood is the degree of skill attained in the art of carrying one's self so as to pour forth upon men all the inspirations of love and hope, and to invoke good even from the meanest and wickedest of mankind.—W. D. Hillis.

## The Alternative.

Customer—Chalk down that shave; I'm broke.  
Barber—We don't trust. If you can't raise ten cents raise whiskers.—Judge.

Mistress—"What in the world are you putting ashes on the floor for, Bridget?"  
"Shure, ma'am, an' didn't ye say to doost the parlor?"—Brooklyn Life.

A woman should never accept a lover without the consent of her heart, nor a husband without the consent of her judgment.—Ninon de l'Enclos.

## McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Thomas W. Keene, the eminent Shakespearean actor, continues one week more. Don't fail to see him.

"What is the age of chivalry, Aunt Penelope?"  
"Those good old times when men fell in love with women over forty."—Tit-Bits.

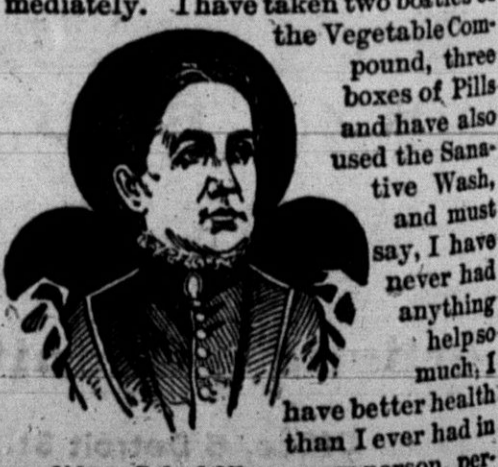
## To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

## MRS. KRINER'S LETTER

About Change of Life.

"I suffered for eight years and could find no permanent relief until one year ago. My trouble was Change of Life. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and relief came almost immediately. I have taken two bottles of the Vegetable Compound, three boxes of Pills and have also used the Sensitive Wash, and must say, I have never had anything help so much. I have better health than I ever had in my life. I feel like a new person, perfectly strong. I give the Compound all the credit. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are using it with like results. It has cured me of several female diseases. I would not do without Mrs. Pinkham's remedies for anything. There is no need of so much female suffering. Her remedies are a sure cure."—MRS. ELZA KRINER, Knightstown, Henry Co., Ind.



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Of the two stamps first issued, Washington's portrait was on the ten-cent and Franklin's on the other. Since that time the various issues of the United States stamps would furnish a unique portrait gallery, showing the faces of 48 noted Americans.

That is a curious story which comes from Berlin to the effect that the black eye which the emperor received during his yachting trip along the coast of Norway was not due, as alleged, to the fall of a rope, but to a blow delivered in anger and passion by young Lieut. Von Hahnke, and that the latter's mysterious death 24 hours later was attributed not, as asserted, to a bicycle accident, but to suicide.

TONEY SAUER, of New York, and Paul Ball have started on a long ride to the Alaskan gold fields. It is a queer looking craft on which they will journey. It consists of two bicycles joined together with two iron bars, which support a small row-boat. The boat contained provisions, clothing, bedding, mining implements, and even an adjustable awning to protect the riders from rain and sun.

ONE of the oldest women teachers in the public schools of Portland, Ore., has the Klondike fever and proposes going north. The clerk of the board of education, a California forty-niner, advises her to take up a load of candies, cigars and nuts, rather than to try any other way of making money or a living there.

FRANCE has a mechanical propulsion canal in which the motive power is electricity, which operates by picking up a chain at one end of a boat and passing it out at the other. The power is obtained from an overhead conductor. This canal passes through a tunnel for two miles. The cost of the combined chain and electric systems is said to be very small compared with other available systems.

JEZREEL's temple, on Chatham Hill, in England, on which \$200,000 was spent, has been sold for \$22,500, and the sale probably marks the end of the Jezreelites. The sect was founded by a man named White, who called himself Jezreel, and proposed to gather in the temple 144 families of the lost tribes of Israel.

TWENTY years ago the best dinner table talkers in England were thought to be Lord Chief Justice Cockburn, Queen's Counselor Judah P. Benjamin, Mr. Gladstone, Cardinal Manning, Lord Roseberry and Dean Stanley. Twenty years before that Macaulay and Carlyle headed the list.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. is constructing, at its Juniata shops in Altoona, Pa., the largest, heaviest, and most powerful freight engine ever designed. It is intended to haul ore from the lakes to Pittsburgh over the Erie and Pittsburgh road, in competition with Carnegie's new line.

A PROCESS is in vogue by which it is claimed that whitewood can be made so tough as to require a cold chisel to split it. The result is obtained by steaming the timber, and submitting it to end pressure, technically "upsetting" it thus compressing the cells and fibers into one compact mass.

A NEW invention for preventing vessels from sinking after being damaged by collision has recently been on exhibition in London before a number of shipping experts. An iron model of a cargo ship was placed in water, after having been loaded with bricks. Then a hole, immense in size compared with the miniature vessel, was opened at the side. When the water had risen to a level with the deck, a number of gutta percha bags, fixed under the deck, were inflated with carbonic acid gas and the vessel almost immediately began to rise.

UNLICENSED PREMISES. BY CLARENCE ROOK.

I HAD watched her for some moments as my bus rolled slowly down Piccadilly, and was greatly taken by her appearance. The pavements and the carriages were full of well-dressed and beautiful women; but somehow I seemed to have eyes for no one but that girl. She wore the sweetest costume—something in blue picked out with white at the collar and cuffs, and I inferred, white upon the front of the bodice.

I leaned forward to the driver, handing him my open tobacco pouch. "Do you think," I said, "you could hurry up a bit and pass that lady ahead? I want to see her face."

He winked. Then he brushed his horses with the whip, and passed the Victoria bus ahead, which seemed in no particular hurry to arrive anywhere. The girl ahead, seeing a clear space before her, quickened up and held her own.

"I don't think we can do it," I said, resigning myself to disappointment. He held his pipe between two fingers, and filled it with the remaining two, feeling, meanwhile, with his thumb for a match. I gave him my match-box.

"It's all right," he said, as he nursed the flaming match in his fist and puffed his pipe into action. "There's a block at the corner."

The girl slowed down, and stepped easily and surely from her bicycle. She stood upon the curb at the corner of St. James' street, leaning on her machine. I admired the pose of her head, the set of her shoulders, the pointing of her foot, as she stood silent and expectant.

As the bus drew up by her side, I leaned over and saw her face. I was not disappointed. It was as I thought. She was, to me, amazingly beautiful. "You will excuse me, sir," said a voice at my side, "but you have gained your object."

I looked round at my neighbor, and saw a lady, by no means ill looking, of about my own age, which is on the wrong side of 30. There was something a little stern, perhaps a trifle contemptuous, in the cast of her features, and she was regarding me with much apparent aversion.

"You have seen the young lady's face, and now, perhaps—that's right, coachman, drive on." The bus moved slowly forward. I reflected a moment, for I had not noticed my neighbor before, and was a little startled at her implied reproof.

"Excuse me," I said, "I haven't quite gained my object. I want to make her look at me, and she won't. Now, what is the etiquette in such cases?"

I turned and waved my arm at her as the bus went on. But she was mounting her machine, and, being occupied with the arrangement of her skirts, took no notice of me.

"May I ask," said my neighbor, "if that young lady is your sister, or your cousin, or—"

"Certainly not," I replied. "Why do you ask?"

"Then, sir, I feel it my duty to tell you that you are no gentleman." I sighed.

"I know that," I replied. "But I always pretend to be, and the public is so gullible. How did you find me out?"

"No gentleman," she said, "would seek to annoy a lady in the street, especially a lady who, clearly, does not wish to notice him. And I can see that girl is persistently avoiding you."

"O, is she?" I said. "Just wait a moment. She'll be as pleased as anything when she sees that I have noticed her. Nothing annoys a woman like indifference."

"A girl—alone and unprotected—" she began. "She should be all the more pleased to see me," I said. She was abreast of the bus again, and I leaned over the side, waving my hat. She looked up at me with a glance of surprise. I nodded pleasantly. She lifted her eyebrows and smiled. But a crawling hansom took her attention and she fell behind again.

"There!" I said. "If ever a girl looked pleased, there she is. Who am I that I should refuse a momentary satisfaction to a lonely girl?"

I turned with a smile to my neighbor. Her face was flushed with anger, for I had clearly proved her to be in the wrong.

"It is men like yourself who are the blots on our vaunted civilization," she said. "Such a sweet, innocent face, too."

"Yes, isn't it?" I said. "I am so glad you agree with me. It's the sort of face I've always admired; and as soon as I caught a back view of her I felt certain she would have that sort of face. That's why I wanted to get a look at it."

"Such men as you—" began my neighbor. "Now, if I were not a married man," I continued, reflectively, "that is the very girl I would marry at once. As it is, of course, I can't. But that's not my fault, is it?"

"You are married?" said the lady. "I am," I replied. "That makes it much worse," she said.

"On the contrary, it is my excuse," I said. "It is all owing to my wife. If it were not for her I should be—well—very different."

"She must be a miserable woman," said the lady, "if she knows of your conduct. My heart bleeds for her."

"Not at all," I said. "She is quite happy; as happy as that girl. Now did you ever see a more charming girl?"

I turned and sent a nod in the direction of the girl who was pedaling along quietly just behind the bus. She lifted one hand from the handle-bar and waved it to me in friendly response.

"Under the circumstances," I said, "I think I shall speak to her; otherwise I might miss her when I get off at Sloane street. Do you think she would mind?"

"Let me implore you," said my neighbor; "if you do I shall speak to the conductor."

"It would be grossly improper," I said, "unless he happens to be your brother—or your cousin—or—"

The lady sniffed and looked round. But the conductor was not in view. I leaned down, and the girl looked up inquiringly, riding to the side of the bus.

"I am going to get off at Sloane street," I called to her; "will you stop there?"

She nodded, and bending slightly over her handles quickly outstripped the bus and rode on past St. George's hospital and down the slope. I leaned back in my seat and watched her appreciatively as she floated away.

"Never in my life," I murmured, "have I seen anyone whom I admire more. A most delightful girl!"

"A most disgraceful incident!" said my neighbor. "You see," I said, affably, "two people meet—twas in a crowd—and their hearts rush together like magnets, or poles, or whatever the things are. It is quite clear to me that we were made for one another. Don't you believe in affinities? They are fun."

"It is not a matter for jesting; it is a very serious matter to tamper in this way with the innocence of—"

"I think it is rather a joke," I said. "It may be a joke for the man—or, rather, he may think so, mistakenly; but you never by any chance think of the girl. And I feel it my duty as a woman to protest against—"

"Bless my soul!" I exclaimed, "I think of the girl always. She is never out of my thoughts."

"The girl!" "Yes, the girl—that girl. Didn't I explain? O! here we are!"

"Sloane street!" said the conductor. I jumped up. "Well, we've had a most interesting conversation," I said. "You see, she's waiting for me at the corner. I knew it. I never underrated my attractions."

As I descended to the pavement, Celia greeted me with a smile of welcome, while the eyes of my late neighbor bored two holes in my back.

"How lucky to meet like this," said Celia. "Where did you see me first?"

"O, in Piccadilly," I replied. "But I couldn't be sure it was you until I saw your face. I want to get some tobacco here, and then we can walk along home together."

"Had an amusing day?" said Celia. "Excellent," I said, "more particularly the ride down."

"You seemed very much interested in the lady on the bus," said Celia, as we stopped outside the tobacconist's. "Did you know her?"

"Never saw her before," I said. "Right under my very eyes, too," said Celia.

"I couldn't help it," I said. "She seemed to have some objection to me, or to you, or to something or other—seemed to see something wrong in our behavior."

"Didn't she know I was your wife?" asked Celia. "She didn't know me," I replied. "But didn't you tell her?" asked Celia. "Well," I said, "now I come to think of it, I don't believe I did."—Black and White.

Rider Outlasts the Horse. Bismarck, who had worn himself out in the service of Germany and of his emperor, rarely referred to his labors for the fatherland. One morning he and Emperor William were riding together in the park. They had not gone far when Bismarck complained of fatigue. The emperor, who was quite fresh, said somewhat testily:

"How is that, though I am an older man than yourself, prince, I can always outstride you?"

Bismarck's reply was as reproachful as it was epigrammatic. "Ah, sire," he said, "the rider always outlasts the horse."—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

The fact that the Germans are the largest buyers of the photographs of French actresses is confessed by a Parisian photographer, and the people of the United States, according to the same authority, rank only third.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Crop Report. The Michigan crop report for September, issued from the state department, says:

The estimated average yield of wheat per acre in the state is 16.73 bushels. This, based upon an acreage of 1,513,918, as reported by supervisors in May last, gives a probable total yield of 24,821,987 bushels. This is the largest yield since 1892, when it reached 25,000,000 bushels. The indications are that oats will yield 25 bushels and barley 19 bushels to the acre. Corn has made slow growth during the past month, but has not yet been injured by frost and promises an excellent crop. The conceded damage to late potatoes by dry weather cannot yet be estimated. Beans will be 87 per cent. and apples and peaches from one-fourth to one-fifth of an average crop.

Loans Have Increased. The report of Banking Commissioner Just on the condition of state banks at the close of business July 23 shows a decrease in certificates of deposit of \$105,145, but an increase in loans and discounts over May 14, of \$1,089,178. Reserves increased \$774,008; savings deposits, \$1,797,186, and total deposits, \$2,434,037. The report indicates a general revival of business activity.

Protects Property Owners. The amendment to the tax law requiring purchasers of tax titles to give notice to the owners of property upon which titles are held so that they may make settlement has gone into effect. The new law injures the tax title speculation, as the property owner now has the opportunity to settle with the speculator on the basis of 100 per cent. on his investment.

Health in Michigan. Reports to the state board of health from 52 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended September 4 indicated that bronchitis and cholera infantum increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 190 places, measles at 15, scarlet fever at 14, diphtheria at 17, typhoid fever at 37 and whooping cough at 11 places.

Is Unconstitutional. Attorney-General Maynard, in an opinion, declares that the hawkers and peddlers' law passed by the last legislature, cannot be made to apply to the agents of concerns located in other states who solicit orders in this state by going from house to house, and that the law is unconstitutional as applied to such persons.

A Terrible Death. Miss Millie Cramstock, prominent in social and musical circles in Owosso, while suffering from temporary insanity escaped from her nurse, taking her bedclothing with her into the yard, where she wrapped it about her person and then set fire to it. Death resulted in a few hours.

Lived 107 Years. Mrs. Helen Ward Lewis, who was born in Delaware 107 years ago this month, died in St. Joseph from extreme old age. She was a slave and was sold several times. She had always enjoyed good health. She joined the Roman Catholic church on her one hundredth birthday.

Oldest Citizen Dead. Michigan's oldest citizen, Barney McIlroy, died at his home in Wales. He was born 107 years ago in Limerick, Ireland, but has been a resident of Michigan 87 years. He was a cripple, but had amassed an immense fortune. He never used tobacco or liquor in his life.

Brief Items of News. Byron Qualey, a wealthy Calhoun county farmer, committed suicide by the use of morphine.

Wells and small lakes and ponds throughout Kalkaska county rise and fall in periods of several years, regardless of whether the rainfall is much or little. The period of rising water is now on. No one seems to give any explanation of the periodic fluctuations.

Alanson T. Peters, of Fruitport, has been granted a divorce from Sophronia Peters on the ground of desertion. They were married September 15, 1855, and lived at Hersey. Thirty years ago they parted and Mr. Peters never applied for a divorce until a year ago.

E. Meurch, of Three Rivers, was killed and W. M. Snyder was fatally injured by a tree falling upon them.

A stock company has been organized at Buchanan to make cradles, farm wagons and other hardwood specialties.

The new artesian well at the asylum at Traverse City has an estimated flow of 600,000 gallons of water per day.

Stacked baled hay is being sold and shipped at Ridgeway at six dollars per ton.

The August report of the Sault canals surpasses any preceding month in the history of lake navigation with a total of 2,932,309 tons of freight.

There are 593 boys in the industrial school at Lansing at present.

It is claimed that Oakland county's wheat crop will amount to more than 1,000,000 bushels this year.

Superintendent A. J. Murray, of the state public school at Coldwater, has tendered his resignation to the board of control to accept a better position elsewhere.

The American Eagle Tobacco company failed in Detroit with liabilities of \$115,000.

A. M. Beers died in Traverse City, aged 91 years. He was one of the oldest pioneers in that region.

YELLOW FEVER.

Six Cases Officially Announced in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 13.—Shortly before noon the board of health officially declared six of the suspicious cases of fever on St. Claude street to be yellow fever. A couple of hours subsequently the board announced another pronounced case of yellow fever at Miro and Esplanade streets, also in the lower part of the city, but a mile or more away from the infected square. The announcement of the first six cases of yellow fever was not unexpected, although it was hoped from the delay on the part of the experts that these cases were simply of bilious malaria. No general alarm has resulted here, although the news rapidly spread through the city. The authorities do not believe that the situation is materially worse than it was four or five days ago, and they are still confident of their ability, with modern sanitary appliances, successfully to quarantine the infected districts.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 13.—Excitement over yellow fever has again been renewed here and an order has been promulgated that all trains from the infected district be forced to pass through the city without stopping and that quarantine be enforced with all possible strictness.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 13.—The state board of health has issued quarantine orders against all points along the gulf coast extending from Mobile to New Orleans. This was done as a measure of extra caution because of the receipt of unfavorable reports from the gulf coast.

SONS OF VETERANS.

Charles K. Darling, of Boston, Elected Commander in Chief.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 13.—At the annual meeting here of the Sons of Veterans Omaha was chosen for the next national encampment and officers were elected as follows:

Commander in Chief—Charles K. Darling, of Boston. Senior Vice Commander—George E. Cogshall, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Junior Vice Commander—James W. Noel, of Indiana. Counsel in Chief—Horace H. Hammer, of Reading, Pa.

Members of Council—C. Boren, of Kansas, and J. E. Haycraft, of Minnesota. The new commander in chief appointed Fred Bolton, of Boston, adjutant general.

The Ladies' Aid society elected the following officers: National President—Miss Kate G. Raynor, Toledo, O. (reelected).

Vice President—Mrs. Ada Wallace, Indiana. Chaplain—Mrs. Mary Hamsher, Decatur, Ill. Treasurer—Mrs. Lydia E. Tomer, Rochester, N. Y.

Inspector—Mrs. Amelia Schuler, Louisville. Mustering and Installing Officer—Mrs. Sarah Lyon, Minneapolis.

THE COLORADO WRECK.

Trainmen Charged with Causing the Horror at New Castle.

New Castle, Col., Sept. 13.—Frank Burbank, conductor, and Engineer Ostrander, deceased, of the Colorado Midland railway, are charged by the coroner's jury with being responsible for the frightful wreck which occurred here last week. At the inquest the jury decided from the evidence that the conductor and engineer attempted to arrive at New Castle siding upon the time allotted by order of the train dispatcher to the Rio Grande passenger train west-bound.

The death of Rev. Alexander Hartman, of Herscher, Ill., and the finding of the body of Engineer Ostrander increases the number of known dead to 11. The coroner's researches among the ruins have convinced him that from six to ten persons met death in the awful accident. This materially reduces the original estimate.

SPAIN IS TROUBLED.

The Castilian Government Worried Over Cuban Reverses.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Military experts who have been closely following the progress of the Cuban campaign declare that the capture of Las Tunas by the Cubans is comparatively as great a victory for the insurgents as was the capture of Viecksburg by Grant for the union.

Madrid, Sept. 13.—Gen. Pando, in a letter to the Cuban senators and deputies, requests them to hold a meeting and come to a decision regarding the Cuban situation, declaring that the time has come to speak out and fix the responsibility for the present policy upon its promoters. The excitement caused by the capture by the Cuban insurgents of Victoria de las Tunas, province of Santiago de Cuba, continues here. The Imparcial describes it as a catastrophe for Spain.

COFFIN IS PARDONED.

The President Releases the Indianapolis Bank Wrecker.

Michigan City, Ind., Sept. 13.—Francis A. Coffin received a telegraphic pardon from President McKinley, sent from Somerset, Pa., and signed by Attorney-General McKenna. He left the prison and started for Chicago to join his wife, who has lived there with relatives since his imprisonment. Coffin told the prison authorities that he did not know what he would do in the future. Coffin was sentenced one year ago to a term of eight years' imprisonment for wrecking the Indianapolis national bank. His pardon is unconditional.

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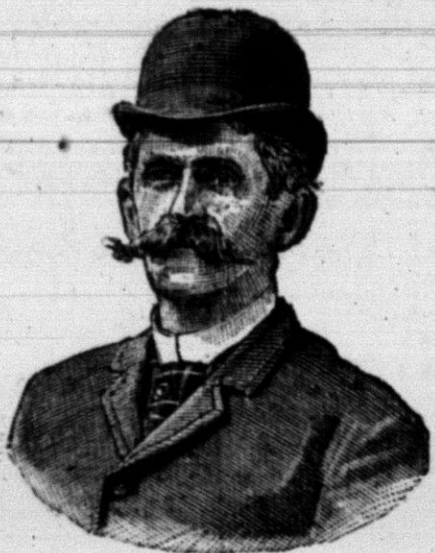
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## Pears, Plums, Tomatoes,

And all kinds of fruit for canning.

### FREEMAN'S.

P. S.—Remember our Blue Flame oil stove offer, and be sure to ask for your tickets.



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AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN IN MICHIGAN.

The Evening News, Detroit.

### Chelsea and Vicinity.

Rev. G. Eisen, of Detroit, spent Sunday in town.

Miss Anna Tichenor was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

Dr. Geo. Hathaway and wife spent last Sunday at Jackson.

Archie Clark and Eugene Foster spent Sunday in Ypsilanti.

H. O. Willis was in town Monday night with his gospel wagon.

V. Wakeman and wife, of Jackson, called on Chelsea friends last week.

Mrs. D. Rockwell is spending a few weeks with her mother at Ithaca.

Mr. H. S. Collier and family have removed to the James Wood house.

Robert Clark and wife, of Albion, spent a few days in town last week.

Harvey Seney, of Jackson, spent a few days with Chelsea friends last week.

Geo. Eder is having the interior of his barber shop redecorated and painted.

Born, Monday, Sept. 13, 1897, to Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Lehman, twins, both girls.

Edgar Alexander was the guest of friends at Pleasant Lake the latter part of last week.

Lewis Vogel who has been on the sick list for the past few weeks is able to be out again.

Jas. P. Wood & Co., are having their beanery overhauled and repaired for the fall business.

Geo. Nisle and family, of Manchester, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Springle last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Evans and wife, of Brandon, Iowa, were the guests of Mrs. S. F. Evans and children.

Julius Klein, who is traveling for a Detroit drug house, left for Chicago and other western cities last Sunday.

Henry Seckinger formerly with Mack & Co., of Manchester is now clerking for the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

M. J. Noyes left last Monday for the northern part of the state, where he will purchase another car of cattle.

The Epworth League held a very enjoyable social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Snyder, Wednesday evening.

Bean harvesting is progressing quite rapidly. The crop has not filled as well as was expected. The yield will not be an average one.

A whittling class has been formed of the boys in District No. 2 Sylvan, by their teacher Miss Cora Seeger. They meet every Wednesday night after school.

A special meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening Sept. 22nd for installation. All members are requested to be present.

The girls in school District No. 2, Sylvan have organized a sewing class with their teacher, Miss Seeger, as instructor. The class meets every Thursday night after school.

The ladies of the Congregational church will serve a Missionary Tea, in the church parlors Wednesday p. m., Sept. 15th, from five to seven o'clock. Everybody is cordially invited to be present.

One of the young hopefuls, attending the school near Cavanaugh Lake has some queer ideas concerning National Holidays. The teacher, having asked what great National Holiday had passed since school closed last spring, was much astonished when a little five year old answered eagerly "Dutch Day."

A "toe" social is to be given at the residence of J. J. Musbach, Tuesday night Sept. 21st. The proceeds are to be used in purchasing a library for Miss Seeger's school, in District No. 2 Sylvan. Every lady is requested to bring a box of edibles which is to be auctioned off to the highest bidder. All are cordially invited.

A special train will be run on the M. C. R. R., Saturday Sept. 18th to Jackson, Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids. Rates Jackson 50 cents, Kalamazoo \$1.75 Grand Rapids \$1.50 for round trip. Tickets good going only on special train. Return limit on special train leaving Kalamazoo 7:30 p. m. Grand Rapids 7:00 p. m. and on all special trains except North Shore Limited train No. 4, Sunday Sept. 19. See flyers which will be out in a few days.

Coming, Wednesday evening, Sept. 22, 1897, for benefit of Chelsea, tent K. O. T. M. Andres & Rietmiller's wonderful ediscope, the 19th century marvel. Producing moving life-like, life-size scenes. Horses, people, trains of cars are seen to move as if they were actually before you. In connection with the ediscope. They have the latest improved Edison Phonograph reading at each performance a splendid concert clearly audible to the audience. Prices, adults 20 and children 10 cents. Reserved seats without extra charge at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

### Michigan Crop Report.

Lansing, September 8, 1897.

For this report correspondents have secured from threshers the results of 3,757 jobs, aggregating more than 65,000 acres of wheat threshed in the state, the yield from which was 1,001,493 bushels, an average of 16.73 bushels per acre. In the southern counties more than 52,000 acres threshed averaged 17.34 bushels per acre. In the central counties the average is 14.02 bushels, and in the northern counties, 15.81 bushels.

The area in wheat in the state last May as compiled from the returns of supervisors was 1,513,919 acres. This is the probable acreage that was harvested this year. Multiplying the acreage in each county by the average yield per acre in that county, as now shown by the results of threshings, gives a probable yield in the state of 24,821,987 bushels.

The final estimate for wheat will be made in October. I fit shall substantiate the foregoing the crop this year is the largest produced since 1893 when the crop exceeded 25,000,000 bushels.

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers since the August report was published is 1,187,750. Of this amount 400,177 bushels were marketed before 1, but not reported until late in August, and 787,573 bushels in August. The amount of wheat reported marketed since the August report was published is 302,552 bushels more than reported for the same time in 1896 and the amount reported marketed in the twelve months ending with July, which is the wheat year for Michigan, is 10,581,050 bushels or 947,880 bushels more than marketed in the same months of the previous year.

The amount of wheat actually marketed in August this year, 787,573 bushels is 335,444 bushels more than marketed in August last year.

Threshers returns indicate that oats will yield in the state about 25 bushels, and barley about 19 bushels per acre. The figures for oats are five bushels below, and for barley two bushels below, the estimate one year ago.

Corn made slow growth in August, but it has not been damaged by frost and there is a good reason to expect a good and well matured crop.

The dry weather has undoubtedly injured potatoes, but the extent of damage cannot now be estimated. Beans are estimated to yield 87 per cent of an average crop.

Apples and peaches are very light crops, neither will yield more than one-fifth of an average crop.

August was a cool, dry month. The mean temperature of the state was 64.7 degrees; of the southern counties 66.9; of the central 64.9, and of the northern 62.9 degrees. There was a deficiency in the state and southern counties of 2 degrees in the central counties of 2.1 degrees, and in the northern of 1.5 degrees. Light frosts occurred quite generally throughout the state just after the middle of the month but did no material damage.

The average precipitation in the state was 2.04 inches, a deficiency of 0.39 inches. There was deficiency in each section as follows: Southern counties, 0.09 inches; central, 1.19 inches; northern, 0.56 inches, and upper peninsula, 0.96 inches.

The farm statistics of the state returned by the supervisors last spring furnished the following statistics of the wheat, corn and oat crop of 1896: Acres of wheat harvested, 1,431,203; bushels, 17,853,250; average per acre, 12.48 bushels. Acres of corn harvested, 1,198,009; bushels, 81,733,087. Acres of oats harvested, 923,228; bushels, 29,110,433.

The farm statistics also furnish the following statistics of land in farms in 1897: Acres of improved land in farms, 9,020,920 unimproved, 4,302,093; total area, 13,322,313; number of farms, 149,534; average size of farms, 89.01 acres.

WASHINGTON GARDNER

Secretary of State.

### Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Glazier & Stimson's Drug Store.

### Bits of Wisdom.

Some people save money by not paying their bills.

All people who play the fiddle look something alike.

Cupid steals a base every time lovers look at the moon.

## S. G. Bush,

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in all its branches done in a very careful manner and as reasonable as first-class work can be done. Crown and bridge work adjusted so as to be very useful. Where this cannot be used we make fine different kinds of plates—gold, silver, aluminum, Watts metal and rubber. Special care given to children's teeth. Both gas and local anesthetic used in extracting. Am here to stay. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bros' Bank.

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If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

## F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1897:

Jan. 12; Feb. 16; Mar. 16; April 13; May 11; June 8, July 13; Aug. 10; Sept. 7; Oct. 5; Nov. 2; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 7. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

## Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect July 4th, 1897.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.  
No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:20 a. m.  
No 36—Atlantic Express... 7:00 a. m.  
No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 a. m.  
No 4—Mail and Express... 3:15 p. m.

GOING WEST.  
No 3—Mail and Express... 10:00 a. m.  
No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:20 p. m.  
No 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 p. m.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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# H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.



## Just Received.

A large lot of new

### Neckwear.

We have these in all the new colors and shapes. Ask to see them.

### Our New Fall Clothing

For boy's is now on sale. We are making a specialty of the well known

### Mrs. Jane Hopkins

Make of boy's suits and knee pants. These goods are made for hard wear and all of the pants have reinforced knees and seats.

New Fall and Winter Suits for Men now on sale.

### New Hats.

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Butterick Patterns for September now on Sale.

# Trade One Dollar

And get a Beautiful Crayon Picture

## FREE.

## JNO. FARRELL.

I will not be undersold.

To Lovers of Good Bread--

## BUY DEXTER FLOUR!

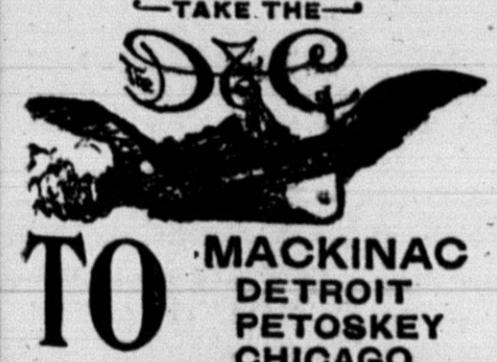
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Every Sack Warranted. Premium with every five empty sacks returned.

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### New Steel Passenger Steamers

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decorations and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY

Four Trips per Week Between

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LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and return, including meals and berths. From Cleveland, \$18; from Toledo, \$15; from Detroit, \$13.50.

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.

Between Detroit and Cleveland

Connecting at Cleveland with Harriet Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and Sept. Only EVERY DAY BETWEEN

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## THE HERALD - OFFICE.

### Here and There.

S. A. Mapes was an Ann Arbor visitor Thursday.

For rent, large front room. Mrs. J. A. Eisenman, Summit st., west.

Fred Maurer, of Norvell, is delivering the finest celery ever placed on our home market.

The Lutheran society wish to thank the manager of the town hall for the free use of same last Sunday, also the Chelsea Electric Light Co. for lights, and the citizens for their liberal patronage.

Don't forget to read Dr. Walker's announcement to visit Chelsea at the Chelsea House on Friday, Sept. 24. The public press says Dr. Walker is one of the most skilled physicians and surgeons offering his service to the public. You should not fail to see him. Remember the date.

The rotting of tomatoes is due to a fungus disease, and to avoid the disease as much as possible every rotten tomato should be removed on the first indications of being affected. If this is not done the disease will spread to all the fruit and also the spores will remain to cause rot the succeeding year.

One of our subscribers found a spider folded up inside of his paper and he wants to know if it is considered a bad omen. Nothing of the kind dear friend. The spider was merely looking over the columns to see what merchants did not advertise, so he could spin his web across the door and be free from disturbance. That's all.—Ex.

Several newspapers laid one upon another, then covered with a sheet of brown paper and stitched together near the edge, make an excellent mat to lay upon a hardwood floor in front of the sink or range in a kitchen and will save the cook a great deal of work. When soiled, this mat can be thrown aside and easily replaced by a fresh one.

Meet prosperity half way by taking good times. It is half the battle to keep the wolf from the door by saying there is no wolf. Keep a stiff upper lip; don't growl, fret and stew, but look for the bright side. We can often see the bright side if we are not looking for the reverse side. Whistle and singing are better than dejection and festivity.

Three young men from Ionia, Mich., started for Ataska, but upon arriving in Chicago the one with all the money got "lost," and the other two went home, and sent the sheriff to find the missing member of the party. The sheriff was successful, but the boys for various reasons will likely not "start out" again till the dandelions bloom. The perils of gold hunters, in deed, are numerous.

The cost of pork depends on how the pigs are kept, the breed and the age at which they are sold. It is claimed that a bushel of corn will make ten pounds of pork, hence if pork is 5 cents a pound the corn brings 50 cents per bushel when fed to the pigs. But the cost of a pound of pork in a hog one year old is much greater than the pork derived from one that is six months old, as the younger the pigs the more rapidly they increase in weight.

Believers in the wooden nutmeg legend can say once more that time makes all things even. A stranger has appeared in Connecticut with a preparation warranted by him to keep flies and mosquitoes away from domestic animal. One package dissolved in ten quarts of water was said to be sufficient to protect twelve oxen, or twenty-four horses. After the seller had disappeared the stuff was examined and found to be oak sawdust scented with camphor.

The insects chorus now evenings is the premonitory symptom of autumn; the silence of the birds contain a prophecy of frost and falling leaves. The insect chorus is a marvel of tirelessness. It goes on all night in ceaseless undertone. Perhaps the robins and their migratory feathered followers are strengthening themselves for the coming long flight southward, and knowing its reason perhaps the melancholy foreboding of frost and the end of summer have silenced their songs.—Grand Haven Tribune.

The burdock editor of the Jackson Citizen is responsible for the following: It is a comparatively easy matter to kill the burdock and now is the time to do it, though it may be hard to exterminate it as it seeds abundantly and the seeds will remain in the ground for years until they have a favorable chance to grow. As the burdock is biennial it dies out after it has seeded the second year but that is only after it has provided thousands and tens of thousands of seeds to perpetuate its kind. All that is needed to kill the plant is to take a dull axe and chop the root something below the surface and throw on a handful of salt. The burdock root being soft and moist dissolves the salt which quickly rots it so that further sprouting of a new top is impossible. No amount of cutting without the salt will do the work.

# MARVELOUS CURES!

-- BY --

## Dr. W. C. Walker,

The eminent Physician and Surgeon of Detroit, Mich., formerly of New York, will make the following visits regularly:

Chelsea, at Chelsea House, Friday, Sept. 24.

Dexter. Stebbins House, Thursday, Sept. 23.

The most Successful Method in the Treatment of Diseases and Deformities known to the Latest Medical and Surgical Experience.

Consultations and Examinations Free to all.

Dr. Walker will not Treat Any Unless There is a Possibility of a Cure, and will so inform you.

### EXAMINATION BY REFLECTION.

By the latest scientific researches, both by improved instruments and methods, the Doctor is enabled to discover the nature of the disease and locate the organ or parts affected and many diseases and complications which have heretofore proven most obstinate to the Medical Profession, yield like magic under his skill and systemic treatment. The Doctor is endowed with the wonderful of being able to Diagnose without questioning, and will describe with the greatest accuracy your aches and pains where ever located, tells better how a person feels than they can tell themselves.

There is no need to live in misery. It costs nothing to see him. The fullest examinations are free, and his prices for treatment are within the reach of all. He is a friend to the afflicted, and will turn none away unaided. The Merchant mingles with the artisan while seeking relief at his hands, and hundreds are cured every year.

### READ WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

One of the most respected ladies in this vicinity, after being treated by all the best physicians, and pronounced incurable, was advised by a former patient of Dr. Walker's to call and consult him. She says: For the past 15 years I have been a great sufferer with heart trouble and nervous prostration, the least exertion would cause my heart to flutter and become very irregular and so weak, causing complete exhaustion. I felt as though each day would be my last, and were it not for my little ones death would have been a relief. After three months treatment with the Doctor I feel as well as I ever did. My heart beats regularly and strong, and that tired feeling has entirely left me. What joy and sunshine with health restored. Mrs. E. J. B.

Miss Addie Smith says: I was sick for many years, my case was known for miles around, was helped to Dr. Walker's office; now I am able to walk there. I have been under the Doctor's treatment two months and have gained twenty pounds. I feel well. May heavens choicest blessings rest upon the Doctor for what he has done for me. I had female trouble, weak lungs and nervous prostration.

### Capacity for Work.

In a recent interview in New York city Mr. Chauncey Depew said: "It seems to me that the young men of today have not got capacity for work. I don't know why it is. I speak not of dissipated young men. Last Tuesday I met five men, each under 35 years of age, and each complained he had to work too hard. When I came to sift it I found that no one of them worked more than 10 hours a day. I am 61 years old, said Mr. Depew. "I began work at my home at 8 a. m. last Monday—that is, I received people at that hour and formulated plans. That is certainly work. Then I went to my office, where I remained at work until 5 p. m. Returning home I consulted some legal authorities for points for an address I am to deliver before the Bar Association of New York State and Albany next Tuesday.

Then a stenographer came to my house, and in two hours I dictated the address to him. That being finished, I went to a party. Now, of course, it is not work to go to a party," said Mr. Depew, "but I did not get to bed after the party until 3:30 Tuesday morning. At 10 a. m. on Tuesday there was a conference of railway presidents at my house. After that I was at my office until 5 p. m., and that night I made a speech. Curious isn't it," concluded Mr. Depew, "that the young men of to-day have such small capacity for work?"

An assertion which has to be supported by an oath or two is a poor cripple on an unreliable pair of crutches, very apt to halt before it reaches any conclusion.

REMEMBER DATE OF VISIT. Mr. Wm. Redman says, also that he had been afflicted for ten years with Asthma and Hay Fever, the result of Catarrh; has doctored with only temporary relief. He is now a well man, not a vestige of the dread disease remains. He feels grateful to Doctor Walker.

Mrs. W. S. Rogers cured of cancer of the breast. She was a great sufferer.

Mr. Charles J. Preston cured of Catarrh of the stomach and blood poisoning, says he would not be in his former condition again for \$5,000.

Mrs. W. M., after being barren for ten years, says; he cured me. We now have two little children. Suffice to say our home is a happy one.

Epilepsy (or fits) positively cured by a recent scientific discovery.

One of the most respected young men of Grand Rapids, Mr. C. H. Banks, has doctored with all the best physicians he could hear of and finally given two weeks to live. Consulted Dr. Walker took his treatment and is now a well man. He had a chronic stomach trouble, weak lungs and constant cough, rheumatism and Bright's disease. He has gained thirty five pounds and and works every day. He advises all who are sick to see Dr. Walker.

Mrs. C. W. Stuzman cured of Blood and Skin disease of twelve years standing.

Mrs. L. E. Lamber cured of varicose ulcers on limb.

Miss Ella Crane cured of Bronchial trouble and lung disease.

Miss B. H. cured of female weakness after being treated by many noted physicians.

Mrs. W. W. Bennett says also that she had lost her sense of smell and became partially deaf by catarrh in the head, and could not sleep for constant coughing and pain through the lungs, also had female trouble. She says that she will testify to anyone that Dr. Walker has saved her life. She has gained thirty pounds and is well.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ball writes, after being a great sufferer for a number of years with neuralgia in the head and stomach; I am cured. I feel as though I had got into a new world. I cannot praise the doctor too much for his great skill in my case.

Dr. Walker's specialties are diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs, and all chronic private and nervous diseases and deformities, Granulated Lids, Cross Eyes, Deafness, Discharge of the Ears, Bronchitis, Chronic Cough, Goitre (big neck), Fever Sores and Ulcers, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Heart, Stomach and Nervous Diseases, Chorea (St. Vitus Dance), Epilepsy (fits), General Debility, Scrofula, Skin diseases, and all diseases due to bad Blood also Rectal diseases.

I will give special attention to difficult cases and to cases other doctors have failed to cure. All curable cases guaranteed. Bank references.

Persons applying for treatment will please bring from two to three ounces of urine first passed in the morning preferred, for analysis.

Question blanks sent on application. Enclose stamp for reply. Those unable to see the Doctor can address:

W. C. WALKER, M. D., Detroit, Mich., Box 78

## BUSINESS University.

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## R-I-P-A-N-S

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

Markets.

Chelsea, Sept. 16, 1897.

Eggs, per dozen	13c
Butter, per pound	10-13c
Oats, per bushel	20c
Corn, per bushel	13c
Wheat, per bushel	90c
Potatoes, new, per bushel	50c
Apples, per bushel	30c
Onions, per bushel	75c
Beans, per bushel	65-75c

# STRIKERS SHOT DOWN.

## A Score of Men Killed by a Posse of Deputy Sheriffs.

### Disastrous Culmination of Strike in Hazleton (Pa.) District—Bullets Check Advance of a Band of Marchers.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 11.—The strike situation reached a terrible crisis on the outskirts of Latimer Friday afternoon, when a band of deputy sheriffs fired into an infuriated mob of miners. The men fell like so many sheep and the excitement since has been so intense that no accurate figures of the dead and wounded can be obtained. Reports run from 15 to 20-odd killed and 40 or more wounded. One man counted 13 corpses. Four other bodies lie in the mountains between Latimer and Harleigh. Those who were not injured carried their dead and wounded friends into the woods and estimate is baffled.

#### The Sheriff's Story.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 11.—Sheriff Martin arrived home from the seven o'clock train at Hazleton. He was met at the depot by his legal adviser. The two got into a cab and drove to the courthouse, where they were closeted together for some time. The sheriff was at first reluctant to say whether he had given the command to fire, but afterwards admitted that he had. The sheriff's detailed statement is as follows:

"I heard that the strikers were going to march to the breaker at Latimer and compel the men there to quit work. I resolved to intercept them and if possible prevent them from reaching the breaker. One of my deputies told me that the strikers would probably be heavily armed. I got my deputies, 70 in number, to meet at a certain place. They were all armed. I told them to keep cool under all circumstances, who used me the trouble began at three o'clock. I met the marching column. I halted them and read the proclamation. They refused to pay any attention and started to resume their march. Then I called to the leader to stop. He ignored my order. I then attempted to arrest him. The strikers closed in on me. They acted very viciously, kicking me, knocking me down and trampling upon me. I called upon my deputies to aid me and they did so, but they were unable to accomplish much. I realized that something had to be done at once or I would be killed. I called to the deputies to discharge their firearms into the air over the heads of the strikers, as it might probably frighten them. It was done at once, but it had no effect whatever on the infuriated foreigners, who used me so much the rougher and became fiercer and fiercer, more like wild beasts than human beings. The strikers then made a still bolder move and endeavored to surround my entire force of deputies. I fully realized that the foreigners were a desperate lot and valued life at a very small figure. I also saw that parleying with such a gang of infuriated men was entirely out of the question, as they were too excited to listen to reason, and that myself and deputies would be killed if we were not rescued or if we did not defend ourselves.

#### Ordered to Shoot.

"I then called upon the deputies to defend themselves and shoot if they must to protect their lives or to protect the property that they had been sent to guard. The next second there were a few scattered shots fired into the foreigners and a moment later the entire force of deputies discharged a solid volley into the crowd. I hated to give the command to shoot and was awful sorry that I was compelled to do so, but I was there to do my duty, and I did it, as best I knew how and as my conscience dictated, as the strikers were violating the law of the commonwealth and flatly refused to obey the proclamation that I read to them. They insisted on doing violence and disobeying the laws.

#### A Terrible Scene.

"The scene after the shooting was simply terrible, and I would have willingly not had it occur, but as a public official I was there to see that the law was obeyed and lived up to, and I merely did my duty. Some of the foreigners fell over dead and others badly wounded, some rushing hither and thither seeking a place where they would be shielded from any more shots; others were aiding their wounded companions to a place of safety. The entire crowd of foreigners as soon as the volley had been fired by my deputies turned and started to retreat. They rushed off in all directions as fast as they could, taking as many of their dead and wounded with them as they were able to carry in their hurried retreat. The excitement at the time was simply terrible, and I would not go through another ordeal of the kind for a fortune."

#### Gives Another Version.

In another interview Mr. Martin was asked: "When you met the men were they on company property or on the public road?" He replied: "No; they were on the public road." "Were they marching toward Latimer's?" "Yes." "Had they up to that time committed any overt act or acted otherwise than peacefully?" "No." "Why, then, did you order the deputies to fire?" "I did not order the deputies to fire; some one else did that. First came a single shot and then a volley. I gave no order." "How many men were killed?" "There were 12 dead when I left and about 40 wounded."

#### His Action Condemned.

Sheriff Martin, when he reached Wilkesbarre, was badly scared. Though he claims to have been brutally assaulted when seen he did not have a mark on his person to show that he had been roughly handled. All classes of citizens in this city and county unite in condemning Sheriff Martin's hasty action.

#### Troops Called Out.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 11.—Gov. Hastings has received word from the sheriff of Luzerne county that he had exhausted all his powers in trying to suppress the mob near Hazleton and now asks for military assistance. The governor summoned Adj. Gen. Stewart and Gen. Gobin, commander of the Third brigade, and they reached here late at night. After a consultation Gov. Hastings issued a call for the Third brigade, Pennsylvania national guard, to proceed to the scene of the rioting.

# IS NOT CHECKED.

## Business Shows Continued Improvement in All Lines.

New York, Sept. 11.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

"There is no halting in the advance. Business grows better in all ways, for, while its speculative and breaks conspicuous gamblers for a decline, a steady increase in production, in working force and in the power of the people to purchase is the feature which overshadows all others. Reports of New York trade unions show an increase since one year ago of 34 per cent. in the number of men at work, and a similar increase in like position throughout the country would exceed 340,000, while every week adds many establishments to the active list. The coal miners' strike has disclosed such facts and brought to light such differences that work will probably be very soon resumed by a large share of the men. The farmers are helped by higher prices for wheat, and, while western receipts do not show that they have marketed a tenth of their crops, assurance of a handsome profit to come prepares them to buy liberally hereafter. Because of this and the increase of hands at work dealers throughout the country have started to replenish stocks, which is the great force at present operating in manufactures and trade, though distribution by retail trade has greatly increased.

"Wheat has risen five cents the past week, not in a flurry, but in answer to the daily increasing foreign demand. Though reports of the crop, now almost wholly out of danger, indicate a yield never surpassed but once, foreign accounts still strengthen the belief that the deficiency abroad will be about 100,000,000 bushels more than usual, and meanwhile reports indicate that less corn than was expected will be available for export. Its price has risen about five-eighths of a cent.

"Since the small corner in August cotton has relaxed to 7½ cents, no rumors affecting prices much. Northern mills are consuming very largely, with a continuing demand for goods which has advanced the prices of many. With enormous speculative sales of wool, which appear to constitute most of the market at Boston, there is also more buying there and elsewhere by the woolen mills, which are enjoying extraordinary demand for goods at prices averaging not ten per cent. higher than was paid early in the year.

"Failures for the week have been 215 in the United States, against 315 last year, and 25 in Canada, against 47 last year."

### NITROGLYCERIN EXPLODES.

#### Six Persons Harled Into Eternity at Cygnat, O.

Toledo, O., Sept. 8.—A special to the Commercial from Cygnat, O., says: A terrible explosion of nitroglycerin occurred here Tuesday afternoon at three o'clock, which resulted in the death of six persons.

The explosion occurred at Grant well, located at the rear of the National Supply company's office building in the village limits. This well had just been shot by Samuel Barber, the shooter for the Ohio & Indiana Torpedo company. The well was a gasser, and when the 120 quarts of glycerin let down into the well exploded, the gas ignited, and with a terrible roar the flames shot high above the derrick.

As soon as the drillers saw the flames several climbed into the derrick to shut off the gas, but they had hardly gotten there when there was a terrific explosion. The burning gas had started the remaining glycerin in the empty cans standing in a wagon near the derrick. In another wagon near by were some cans containing another 120 quarts of the stuff and this was started by the force of the explosion. The second was blended with the first in a mighty roar and the town and surrounding country for miles trembled from the shock.

#### Prices in 1896 and 1897 Compared.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Assistant Secretary Brigham, of the department of agriculture, has prepared the following table showing the increase in prices of farm products this year over those of the corresponding period in 1896. The figures are Cincinnati prices in all cases:

	1896.	1897.
Butter, creamery.....	\$ 15	\$ 18
Butter, dairy.....	7	10
Cheese.....	7½	9
Eggs (per doz.).....	10½	11
Hides (per pound).....	4½	5½
Wool (per bushel).....	15½	20
Wheat (per bushel).....	61	95½
Corn (per bushel).....	24	32
Hogs (per cwt.).....	3 25	4 40
Potatoes (per bushel).....	50	2 10
Sheep (each).....	3 10	3 35
Lambs (each).....	4 25	5 50

#### Farmers in Good Spirits.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary Wilson was at his desk in the agricultural department Tuesday for the first time for a month, having just returned from his tour of the trans-Mississippi states. He went as far west as Montana and Utah, giving especial attention to the agricultural interests of the states visited, with particular reference to irrigation, horse raising and sugar beet growing. "I found the farmers in especially good spirits wherever I went," he said. "There is no doubt that confidence is restored and that the country is justified in its anticipations of better times. The people are all busy in the west. Indeed I do not believe there is an idle man west of the Mississippi who wants work."

#### Probable Loss of a Steamer.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 11.—The steamer Cleveland reached here from St. Michael's, bringing 65 passengers, many of whom are from the gold fields. They have with them, as stated, \$400,000 in gold dust. The Cleveland also brings news of the probable loss of the steamer Eliza Anderson, with 125 gold seekers on board. The vessel was caught in a storm while on her way to St. Michael's.

#### Concession to Silver.

London, Sept. 11.—The Times in an article from a special correspondent, in whose accuracy it says it has reason to place confidence, makes the important announcement that the Bank of England directors have consented to hold one-fifth of the bank's reserve in silver.

# MANY PASSENGERS KILLED.

## Fast Train Collide Near Emporia, Kan.—Bryan Aids the Injured.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 9.—A special to the Times from Emporia, Kan., says: One of the worst wrecks in the history of the Santa Fe railroad occurred three miles east of here at about 7:30 o'clock Wednesday night. Twelve or 15 persons were killed and as many more were badly hurt. The fast mail train going east and the Mexico and California express west bound collided head on. The Mexico and California express was pulled by two locomotives, and when they struck the engine drawing the fast mail, the boilers of all three engines exploded and tore a hole in the ground so deep that the smoking cars of the west-bound train went in on top of the three engines and two mail cars and balanced there, without turning over. The passengers in the smoking car escaped through the windows. The front end of this car was enveloped in a volume of stifling smoke and steam, belching up from the wreck below, and the rear door was jammed tight in the wreck of the car behind. The wreck caught fire from the engines. In climbing out of the smoking car several men fell through the rifts into the wreck below and it is impossible to tell whether they escaped or were burned to death. Eight bodies have been taken from the wreck.

The west-bound train carried seven or eight coaches, and its passengers included many excursionists who had been to hear Hon. W. J. Bryan speak at the county fair at Burlington. Mr. Bryan himself was on the train, but was riding in the rear Pullman some 400 feet from the cars which were wrecked. Mr. Bryan helped to carry out the dead and wounded and gave the greatest attention to their needs.

#### Cases of Yellow Fever.

New Orleans, Sept. 9.—When the board of health met Wednesday night Dr. Olliphant had no additional cases to report to that body as having occurred in New Orleans, and was able to say that the local situation had vastly improved, and that there were no present prospects of evil results following the death of the Gelpi child. A thorough canvass at Ocean Springs completed Wednesday shows there have been 745 cases of the prevailing fever since July 8. There are now 37 still sick. The total deaths have been nine, and in several instances physicians' certificates show the fever was complicated with other diseases. There are believed to have been only two deaths due to yellowjack. At the suggestion of Dr. Gant every house where there had been sickness or there is now being fumigated. Dr. Grant says whether the prevailing disease is yellow fever or low malaria it is certainly contagious. Quarantine is being very strictly maintained.

#### Insists on Resigning.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 8.—It is unofficially announced that Dr. Andrews will insist upon the acceptance of his resignation from the presidency of Brown university. This decision was arrived at after a conference Tuesday afternoon between Dr. Andrews and the advisory and the executive committees of the corporation. His connection with the Cosmopolitan university, it is thought, will take up too much time to permit of his devoting his attention to both universities. His decision is in spite of a letter received by him from the faculty begging him to remain.

#### Negress Admitted to the Bar.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 9.—Lutie A. Lytle, a 23-year-old negress, entered the criminal courtroom Wednesday morning and presented her duly authenticated claims to the privilege of practicing the law in the courts of Tennessee. She was admitted to the bar without a question. She is the first representative of her sex of any color to be admitted to the bar of Tennessee. She is the only colored woman in the south licensed to practice law, and is the only colored woman in the United States that is a member of the bar.

#### A Cashier Murdered.

Piedmont, Mo., Sept. 9.—George A. Withers, cashier of the Farmers' and Mechanics' bank of this place, was found early Wednesday morning lying in the lower end of the railroad yards dead. Tuesday at noon he left on the passenger train for Ironton, on a business matter. Two sharp penetrating wounds were found on Withers' head, with numerous scalp wounds.

#### Leaves a Fortune to Charity.

Quincy, Mass., Sept. 10.—The will of the late Charles T. Wilder, of Wellesley, has been admitted to probate here. It contained many public bequests, and over \$100,000 is left to charitable and educational institutions.

#### Highest Since the War.

St. Louis, Sept. 11.—December wheat Friday broke all former records, dating back to war times, by soaring up to \$1.01½ a bushel during the call on the floor of the Merchants' exchange.

#### Thirty Drowned.

Dunkirk, Sept. 11.—The fishing fleet has returned from Iceland and reported that out of 98 boats six foundered during the season, resulting in the drowning of 30 men and boys.

#### Eleven Killed by Boiler Explosion.

Vienna, Sept. 11.—By the explosion of a boiler at a brewery at Hoedstaedt, near Olmutz, 11 persons were killed and many were injured.

# SAY IT WAS MURDER.

## Deputies Who Shot Down Miners to Be Arrested.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 13.—Nearly 4,000 members of the state militia are on duty in Hazleton and Latimer, and their presence has prevented an outbreak on the part of either the strikers or the citizens, who alike vigorously denounce the killing of 21 miners and the wounding of more than 40 others by Sheriff Martin's posse in Latimer on Friday.

Warrants have been sworn out against the sheriff and all his deputies who took part in firing upon the strikers, the charge against them being murder. A citizens' committee has been appointed to raise money for their prosecution. The bitter feeling against the officers has been intensified by the knowledge that all except five of the dead and wounded men were shot in the back while running away from the deputies.

Only two men can be found who will say there was provocation for the slaughter. One of these is Sheriff Martin, who is flitting between here and Wilkesbarre under guard of troops and policemen, and the other is Deputy A. E. Hess.

Men who witnessed the terrible slaughter declare that sharpshooting deputies picked off the poor wretches as they were scrambling over a railroad embankment and running through a field. A dozen men who were near the scene of the shooting all declare that at least 150 shots were fired while the miners were running away.

A reporter who saw the bodies in the morgue says that of the 21 dead only two had been shot in front, and in the head of one of these were six bullets. In the hospital, where 40 men are suffering torture, he found only three who had wounds that were received while facing the deputies. They had stood in the front rank of the miners when Sheriff Martin read the riot act, which, because they did not understand English, they supposed was a warrant, and against which they protested.

Every one of the victims, dead or injured, was searched for weapons after the shooting. One—nobody knows who he was—had a revolver; another had a tiny knife. This was all. The survivors declare that on the march from Harwood some of the men picked up stones and sticks, but that the leaders easily induced them to drop these weapons.

A big mass meeting was held here, fully 5,000 persons being present. It was called to arrange for raising funds for the prosecution of the sheriff and his deputies, and a committee was appointed for that purpose amid enthusiastic cheering.

Excitement and a desperate desire for revenge finds expression all over Hazleton, Freeland, Audenreid and Harwood, but martial law prevails and riot would be folly.

Under orders from Gov. Hastings five regiments of the Pennsylvania national guard are here and at Latimer and MacAdoo. Battery B, of Phoenixville, is here also, and in its equipment are two Gatling guns. In all there are nearly 4,000 men.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 13.—On account of the slaughter at Latimer in the coal region the governor issued a proclamation in which he said:

"I, Daniel Hastings, governor of the commonwealth, do hereby admonish all good citizens and all persons within the eye and under the jurisdiction of the commonwealth against aiding or abetting any such unlawful proceedings, and I do hereby notify them that the lives and property of all citizens of the commonwealth will be protected; that the law will be enforced; that the humblest citizen will be protected in his right to earn a livelihood and in the enjoyment of his home and family; and that the safety of life and property will be guaranteed to all occasions, at whatever cost; and I do hereby command all persons engaged in riotous demonstrations and unlawful conduct threatening the peace and dignity of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania to disperse forthwith to their respective places of abode, warning them that persistence in violence or unlawful assemblage will compel such use of the military arm of the commonwealth as may be necessary to enforce obedience to the laws and the maintenance of good order."

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 13.—Sheriff Martin insists that he was justified in his action at the shooting at Latimer. He said:

"This is an unfortunate affair, but I think ninety-nine men out of one hundred would have done just as I did. But now that the crisis has been reached I do not propose to shirk my duty. Some say my action was premature—that I should have 'jollied' with the mocking mob. I tell you that I had been parleying with them for four days and it did no good. They were gradually getting the best of the situation, and I think in 24 hours more things would have been worse."

The coal operators in this vicinity are inclined to stand by the sheriff. They say they have confidence in him and think he only did his duty.

### PANIC AT A THEATER.

#### Many Are Injured at Niles, Mich., and Lying In Throated.

Niles, Mich., Sept. 13.—During a performance of the Manhattan Amusement syndicate here 1,500 people became panic-stricken, caused by actors fighting and the cry of fire. Women fainted, children screamed and the fire department turned out. Stanley Wells and Charles Wells are in charge of the police. Wells, it is said, was threatening to shoot Miss Vesta, and he struck her twice in the face. The company had received no money in four months. Hundreds wanted to lynch Wells, who is blamed for the panic. Many were slightly injured.

# AWFUL COLLISION.

## Thirty Persons Killed and 185 Injured in Colorado.

New Castle, Col., Sept. 11.—The worst wreck in the history of the state of Colorado occurred at 12:25 Friday morning on the track of the Denver & Rio Grande and the Colorado Midland railway, 1½ miles west of here. After 13 hours incessant work by the wrecking crews in clearing away the debris and rescuing the bodies of those who perished, it is yet impossible to secure more than an estimate of the loss of life, and not even those known to be dead have been identified. Fully 20 persons are believed to have perished, while 185 are taken out of the wreck suffering from serious injuries.

The wreck was caused by a head-end collision between a Denver & Rio Grande passenger train running at the rate of 40 miles an hour and a special Colorado Midland stock train running at a speed of probably 30 miles. So terrific was the concussion that both engines, baggage and express cars, smoker and day coaches and two stock cars were totally demolished and the track torn up for rods in both directions. To add to the horror of the scene, the wreck caught fire from an explosion of a gas tank on the passenger train, and burned so rapidly that many passengers pinned beneath the debris were burned to death before help could reach them.

The most generally accepted theory as to the cause of the wreck seems to be that Conductor Burbank, of the Midland special, anticipating the time of the passenger, undertook to "steal a station" and beat the passenger into New Castle. Burbank escaped uninjured, and upon orders from Coroner Clark has been placed under arrest by the sheriff.

The list of dead and injured so far as known is as follows:

DEAD—F. J. Keenan, mail agent of Denver; Robert S. Holland, fireman D. & R. G. railway, Saltina; Mrs. Alexander Hartman and two sons, of Herscher, Ill.; James Frick, of Chicago; Charles Leeper, of Clarion, Pa. Charred fragments of limbs and bodies of a number of persons have been taken out of the ruins, but it is not likely that any more bodies will be positively identified, and it seems certain that the number killed will remain in doubt.

INJURED—Rev. Alexander Hartman, of Herscher, Ill., both legs broken and badly burned; William Gordon, engineer of passenger train, injured internally; John H. Stander, of Blackfoot, Idaho, leg broken, face cut and burned and bruised; Miss Pearl Cornell, of Alciot, Ore., hip dislocated; J. C. Yeager, of Toledo, O., injured internally; J. Lozman, of Whittier, Cal., slightly wounded; Mrs. Mary Israel, of St. Paul, Minn., slightly injured internally; J. F. Snyder, of Independence, Kan., slightly burned; D. H. McAnaney, of Victor, Col., face burned; O. V. Titson, of Cooke, Mo., cut badly about head; R. H. Brickley, of Chicago, back injured; J. C. Young, of St. Louis, cut in forehead, not serious; Thomas Nash, of Mohab, Utah, left arm broken, badly burned in face; Frank P. Mannix, Victor, Col., bruised and slightly burned; William Hines, fireman, crushed and burned, will die; R. W. Shot, Leeper, Pa., badly bruised; Brakeman Knapp, leg crushed; James C. Foley, express messenger, bruised; William S. Missemmer, express messenger, bruised.

#### Gold Democrats of Ohio.

Columbus, O., Sept. 10.—The gold democratic state convention met at ten a. m. in the Great Southern theater with between 300 and 400 persons present. Judge Beer, of Bucyrus, was made chairman, and after a short introductory address, stating the tenets of the national democratic party, introduced Hon. W. D. Bynum, of Indiana, who spoke about two hours on the money question. Letters were read from Hon. John G. Carlisle and Hon. Henry Waterson. The platform adopted reaffirms allegiance to the principles of the party as set forth in the platform adopted at Indianapolis in 1896, declares for the maintenance of the gold standard, retirement of greenbacks and extension of civil service, denounces recent tariff legislation, and condemns the proposed annexation of Hawaii. The following state ticket was nominated:

For governor, Julius Dexter, Cincinnati; lieutenant governor, Judge A. E. Merrill, Sandusky; judge of the supreme court, Judge John H. Clarke, Youngstown; attorney-general, Daniel Wilson, Cincinnati; state treasurer, Samuel Stevens, Columbus; state commissioner of schools, Prof. W. H. Johnson, Granville; for member of state board of public works, Henry D. Coffinberry, Cleveland.

#### An Insurgent Victory.

Madrid, Sept. 11.—The minister of war has cabled Capt. Gen. Weyler asking for an explanation regarding the capture by the insurgents of Victoria de Las Tunas, province of Santiago de Cuba, which is defended by seven forts, having two Krupp guns among their armament. It is stated here that the intention of the insurgents is to establish their government there and to obtain the recognition of their belligerency by the United States. A Spanish expedition will be organized to recapture Victoria de Las Tunas.

#### To Meet in Washington.

Washington, Sept. 11.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, returned to Washington from Indiana Friday. Mr. Gompers states that he has called a meeting of the executive council of the order to be held here September 20, at which the miners' situation will be fully considered, should the strike last until then.

#### Hot Weather in South Dakota.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 9.—Wednesday was the eleventh day of the heated term. The temperature ranged in the South Dakota from 93 to 102. The state's corn crop has matured with wonderful rapidity and is now beyond danger from frost.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS

A FARMER'S ARGUMENT.

He Takes a Really Sensible Stand on the Road Question.

If we study social and financial questions we find that, to a great extent, we fall over the stones we ourselves have laid in the way.

The farmers themselves are principally to blame for the poor and miserable condition of our country roads.

Now, if the farmer could haul his produce at half the present cost, how much would that save him? I do not know, some one may answer.

The country road question is generally misconceived; therefore, insufficiently discussed, and will not be solved satisfactorily by old ways and means.

Farmers are averse to the cost of constructing durable roads and not far-sighted enough to see the benefits they would derive from it.

The manner in which roads in Wisconsin have been maintained for many years is not a correct one, nor is the system of roadmasters.

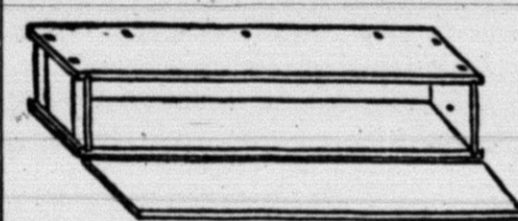
Things would be much different if, when a piece of road is to be made, the job was entrusted to expert and competent hands.

There should be permanently employed a few men with pick and shovel, to make necessary repairs, drain the roads after heavy rains, etc.

MILK CAN TROUGH.

A Convenience in Handling the Daily Dairy Product.

Where no better plan can be put to use, a good method of keeping milk is to build a milk can trough, as portrayed herewith.



MILK CAN TROUGH.

This affords room for eight cans 12 inches in diameter and 16 inches deep. The trough is sunk in the ground in front of the pump curb.

Flax Is an Exhaustive Crop.

Some western farm journals are wondering why flax is not more grown than it is. The reason is that it is a very exhaustive crop and can only be grown profitably where fertility is little regarded.

Creameries and Good Roads.

The Mankato (Minn.) Free Press says that the establishment of creameries is becoming a potent argument for good roads.

New Brunswick Codfish.

The people of St. John's, New Brunswick, are lamenting the fall in price of their great staple, codfish.

A MOTHER'S EFFORT.

A Mother Sees Her Daughter in a Pitiful Condition, But Manages to Rescue Her.

From the New Era, Greensburg, Ind. The St. Paul correspondent for the New Era recently had an item regarding the case of Mabel Stevens, who had just recovered from a serious illness of rheumatism and nervous trouble.

Being anxious to learn the absolute facts in the case, a special reporter was sent to have a talk with the girl and her parents. They were not at home, however, being some distance away.

Two years ago this winter Mabel began complaining of pains in her limbs, principally in her lower limbs. She was going to school, and had to walk about three quarters of a mile each day, going through all kinds of weather.

She lingered along, and last winter became worse again, and was afflicted with a nervous trouble almost like the St. Vitus' dance. For some time we thought she would die, and the physicians gave her up.

Philanthropist—"You appear to be in very straitened circumstances, my poor man. Are you very, very sad?"

Boarding-School Teacher—"And now, Edith, tell me the plural of baby." Edith (promptly)—"Twins."

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various goods including Live Stock, Flour, Wheat, Corn, Butter, Eggs, and other commodities across different locations like New York, Chicago, and St. Louis.

Real Rest and Comfort.

There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

An Expert. Dunmore—I'm surprised that you call Flabler an expert accountant.

Shake Into Your Shoes. Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet.

Many a woman can do exquisite embroidery, but can't darn a sock.—Washington Democrat.

Piso's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. Cady, Huntington, Ind., Nov. 12, 1894.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee.

Try Grain-O!

Advertisement for Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast COCOA, Pure, Delicious, Nutritious. Includes an illustration of a woman in a long dress.

Advertisement for Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC. Not a violent mass of mercurial and mineral poisons, but a PURE VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Advertisement for SAPOLIO. "THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU.

Advertisement for ESTEY. Why have more ESTEY? Organs been sold than any other kind? Because, although higher in price, the Estey gives far better value than any other.

Advertisement for CHEAP EXCURSIONS TO NEBRASKA. September 7, 21. October 5, 19. HALF FARE.

Advertisement for CASH PAID FOR CASH NAMES. ONE DOLLAR FOR FOUR. Send plainly written, by card or letter before Oct. 10, four names (not more) of young folks most likely to be interested in the best weekly family paper published and received.

Advertisement for SOUTHERN Homeseekers' Guide. Every homeseeker should address either J. P. MERRY, A. G. P. A., Manchester, Ia.; W. A. KELLOND, A. G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.; or S. G. HATCH, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

Advertisement for HARTSHORNS SELF-ACTING SHADEROLLERS. NOTICE. NAME THIS LABEL AND GET THE GENUINE HARTSHORN.

Advertisement for Weeks Scale Works, STOCK, COAL, HAY, GRAIN, BUFFALO, N. Y. and OPIUM. and Whiskey Habit cured at home without pain.

If we want good roads we must elect to the legislature who are interested in exacting more suitable laws.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 10, 1897.—The return of Consul General Lee caused a rumor that some decisive action regarding Cuba was about to be taken by this government to be industrially circulated around Washington, but Gen. Lee, who has learned to talk Spanish and grown diplomatic, says he knows of nothing important in that connection and he is merely home on an ordinary thirty-day leave of absence.

Senators Foraker, Harris, of Kansas, and Stewart, composing the sub-committee of the Senate committee on Pacific Railroads, have been in Washington this week for the purpose carrying out the Pettigrew resolution, adopted by the Senate, providing for an investigation of the sinking fund of the Union Pacific Railroad held by the treasury Department, and of the land grants of the same road.

In talking of his recent trip through the west, Secretary Wilson said he told the farmers of the arid section that he was opposed to the appropriation of money by Congress to build storage reservoirs for irrigation purposes, and thought such work should be done by private capital.

Senator Gorman had an extended conference with Secretary Gage this week, and it was made the foundation for a lot of political gossip, but Mr. Gorman says he merely called to pay his respects to Secretary Gage. Mr. Gorman has for years enjoyed the reputation of being able to keep more of his constituents in office under an opposition administration than any other man has ever done, and it was probably in the interests of some of the constituents now holding office that he conferred with Secretary Gage.

While there is nothing like a scare at the Washington headquarters of the Marine Hospital service, over the yellow fever, on the Mississippi coast, the situation is regarded as serious and the Surgeon General of the service returned from his vacation and took personal charge of the arrangements made to try to confine the disease to its present locality and he is confident that they will succeed.

The civil service Commission, which has not been making itself conspicuous since the new administration came in—Some are cynical enough to say that the commissioner wished to find out how secure were their own official heads before trying to get gay—is said to be making an investigation of the numerous changes made in the Pension Bureau by commissioner Evans, with a view to preferring charges against that official for violating the civil service rules.

Bucklen's Arnica Salvo.

The Best Salvo in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

Held Up and Robbed.

Rev. John Stacy, formerly of the Webster Congregational church, was held up near Delhi one night last week and robbed of his watch and \$20. Mr. Stacy gave up his pastorate last week and was preparing to move to Detroit and had been there to make preparations. Coming back he arrived in Ann Arbor at midnight. The train does not stop at Delhi so he started to walk along the Michigan Central track to Delhi, over the same route followed by Armstrong and Beckwith the night the latter was drowned.

A short distance from Ann Arbor Mr. Stacy saw two men standing on a bridge and was just passing, when one of them sprang forward and caught him about the body in such a way as to hold his arms tight, the other one at the same time went through Mr. Stacy's pockets and took his watch and money. The reverend tried hard to release himself but his efforts were useless against the combined strength of two men.—Argus.

Straight Tips.

Rashness is the pivot of injury. A careless sentinel is a mark inviting a foe. Who serves himself alone is a tyrant's slave. Censure is a tax paid by man for prominence. Danger expected long is always met not too late. Kind thoughts are wings which bear us on to kinder deeds. By forgetfulness of injuries we show ourselves superior to them. You will never hear a rich man complain of Fortune's bad eyesight. To owe gratitude is painful to a coarse nature, to receive it is painful to a fine one. Providence may control our destiny, but we control our actions, and a bad job we often make of it. Be slow to promise and quick to perform; a gift long delayed is earned by waiting and paid for in days.

Contention born of pride, is apt to be put out to nurse with Envy until it is Christened by Revenge or Regret. Every time we delay answering when Conscience knocks at the door of our hearts, we defraud ourselves and Opportunity.

Advantages of Tandem Bicycles.

The sociable element, says the Rochester Times, in cycling promises to play an important part among the pleasure-seeking bicyclists this season. Tandems seem to be in great demand among riders who can boast of "best girls," and every other combination which leads to propinquity of the sexes is having a fair trial. So far the tandem seems to have secured the largest following, but there is some difference of opinion as to how the riders should be seated. A veteran of the road ventures the following opinion:

"In one thing, at least, it has been definitely settled that lovely woman shall take a back seat. We have been a long time coming to this conclusion, for up to the end of last season the woman was placed in front. In this position she had the full benefit of the head wind and also obstructed the view of the real controller of the machines. This form of cycling should become very fashionable. The vast increase of power which a properly constructed double machine gives to its riders must sooner or later, be fully recognized by those who have hitherto gone in for two safeties to every pair."

The reason advanced in favor of tandem combination are that a woman is free from the care which follows in the wake of the single rider, and that she has nothing to trouble her except to stick on when the pace becomes fast. It is also argued that the man in front, when he feels fit, can go as fast as he pleases without fear of leaving his companion behind; that greater distances can be covered in the same time and with more comfort, and that by such an arrangement there are only two tires instead of four exposed to puncture. The tandem advocate winds up by saying that the "swing" which a pair attains at a fast pace is a pleasure unknown to the rider or a single machine.

Nicotine Experiments.

An English scientist has made some interesting experiments as to the effect of nicotine upon the lungs and heart. He has arrived at the conclusion that a man of easy going nature can smoke a great deal without much injury to himself, while a nervous man will damage his health seriously by smoking much. A man who takes plenty of exercise in the open air may smoke with impunity, while he who sets much at a desk must beware of the fatal fascinations of "My Lady Nicotine."

Notice.

To the patrons of the Chelsea Water-Works Company.—We are now prepared to obtain for our patrons, fire insurance in thoroughly reliable companies on dwellings, barns and contents, at a little less than half the ruling rates in Chelsea for the past five years.

Chelsea is now listed as one of the very best protected towns, by waterworks as extended, in Michigan.

Yours for health, comfort and protection.

CHELSEA WATERWORKS COMPANY,

Facts for Farmers.

When the sheep are sheared is one of the best times to cull out the unprofitable ones.

No other instrument is so well adapted to pulverizing small clods as the plank drag.

A great man once said that the most important secret of success with crops is to remember to stir the soil.

Even half a dozen sheep are better than none, as they will keep down the weeds and prevent the farm from being seeded with such pests.

Feed up the corn fodder, millet and other cheap forage as closely as may be and save the timothy hay, which is a cash article, while the others are not.

Prof. Henry of the Wisconsin experiment station, says that cabbages have a good deal of value—more than potatoes or turnips—as swine feed, especially in the first part of the fattening period.

It is seldom that a farmer can accumulate a sufficient amount of wood ashes for a large field, but on farms where wood is used there is a limited supply, which can be put to good use, on the garden or on the young clover. Ashes are excellent also on all grass lands and in orchards. They are applied broadcast, in any quantity desired, as many as 100 bushels per acre being used on certain soils.—Prairie Farmer.

Fashion Notes.

Lace aprons are to be revived. Round-cornered cuffs are bound to be fashionable.

Silk and chiffon blouses are much worn this season.

Linen collars and cuffs are used with all sorts of waists, the turn-over effects having first choice.

Ribbon of graduated skirt widths put on straight around the skirt is a fashionable trimming, while very narrow ribbon is applied in intricate patterns.

Straws of the most brilliant hues are very popular—purple, green, pink and yellow—and often a combination of two or more colors are used on one hat.

It is being announced that all garments for the fall trade are being modelled for figures wearing the new shaped corset. This corset has a low bust, and the increase of the size just above and below the waist makes the latter appear smaller than it really is.

Narrow velvet ribbon is used on everything. An imported cape of old rose silk has rows of black velvet ribbon running down it at intervals of about an inch. Around the shoulders the silk is plaited so thickly that at the neck nothing is visible except the ribbon.

The new collars will be very heavy. The cravat will be an inch and an eighth tie or an inch and five-eighths four-in-hand. This is a very narrow four-in-hand and will therefore reveal a great deal of the shirt. The flowing end cravats known as De Joinvilles and Imperials will, if used at all, have to be tied tightly, with the aprons drawn straight down the bosom.

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Here is a straight tip from the newspaper called Brains: "There's only one way to advertise, and that is to hammer your name, your location and your business so constantly, so intensely and thoroughly into people's heads that if they walk in their sleep they will instinctively turn their steps toward your store."

Climate and Crop Bulletin.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14 1897.—The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country and the general effect of the weather upon the growth and cultivation of the crops were made yesterday by the directors of the several climate and crop sections. The reports received at Chicago were as follows:

TEMPERATURE.

Except along the immediate Gulf and south Atlantic coasts where nearly normal temperature conditions prevailed, the week ending at 8 a. m., Sept 13th, was decidedly warm in all districts east of the Rocky Mts., over the greater part of which the average daily temperature excess ranged from six to thirteen degrees per day, the region of the greatest excess covering the Lake Region and upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys. While nearly normal temperature conditions prevailed along the immediate Pacific coast the week was decidedly cool over the interior portions of Wash., Oregon and California, and over the western portion of the Plateau districts, the deficiency in temperature ranging from three to ten degrees per day, being greatest in western Nevada.

PRECIPITATION.

From the southern New England, middle and south Atlantic coasts westward over the central valleys including the northern portions of the Gulf states and Lower Lake Region the week was practically without rainfall, except over a few limited areas in the Missouri and upper Miss. valleys, but good rains fell over the northern portion of the upper Lake Region and over portions of Texas, southern Louisiana, southern Ga. and Florida, the fall being excessively heavy over the greater portion of the last named state where it amounted from two to nearly seven inches.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The week has been excessively hot, and for the most part, dry in nearly all districts east of the Rocky Mts. With sufficient moisture the conditions would have been more favorable for corn but in most the important corn states the crop, more particularly the late planted, has suffered severely from frost and cutting has begun in the more northerly sections. In Nebraska recent rains will improve late corn and with favorable conditions in Iowa during the next two weeks some of the late corn will make fair yield, the early crop having been rapidly ripened under the excessive heat of the past two weeks, with some detriment to quality. In Kansas most of the early corn has been cut and the late planted is suffering from drought. Subsequent weather conditions will have but little effect on the crop in Missouri, where it has been seriously and permanently injured. Cotton has generally suffered further injury during the past week and its general condition is less favorable than reported in the preceding bulletin. Marked deterioration is reported from the Carolinas, Georgia, Tenn., Ark., and Oklahoma. Heat and drought over the greater part of the cotton belt, have stopped growth and caused much premature opening and shedding, while rains in Florida have retarded picking.

MICHIGAN.

Hot weather ripened corn, buckwheat and potatoes very fast. Corn cutting begun and much of the crop is now safe from frost. Buckwheat in fine shape and cutting begun. Potatoes improved. Dry soil has delayed rye and wheat seeding and rain is also needed to germinate grain already sown. Pastures generally poor.

WILLIS L. MOORE.

Chief, Weather Bureau.

Attractive Women.

It is the woman that has the courage to be herself who attracts. Originals are so much more desirable than copies, no matter how accurate the copy may be. Let every woman dare to be herself, develop her own individuality, not blindly copy some other woman whom, it may be, her husband happens to admire. Let her think for herself, act for herself and express her own honest opinions. Individuality when combined with that nameless something called manner, is the most potent weapon in the possession of the sex. A good woman's laugh is better than medicine. A well told story is welcome as a sunbeam in a sick room. Learn to keep your own troubles to yourself. The world is too busy to care for your ills and sorrows. Don't continually cry. Tears do well enough in novels, but they are not desirable in real life.

"English as She is Spoke."

To please her guest who loved "tomatoes" Mrs. Housekeep invested in some "tomatoes" and Jim, who was investigating the price of "tomatoes" for the benefit of a fellow clerk who wanted to know how to sell "termaits," was enlightened as how to sell "t'mats." And the bystander was left marveling at the infinite variety of "English as she is spoke."

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

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Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 23rd day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of George D. Beckwith, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George W. Beckwith praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered that Friday, the 12th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show the cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper published in the Chelsea, Mich., county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Chancery Notice.

IN PURSUANCE and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered the 30th day of January, 1897, in a certain cause therein pending, between Perry C. Deppa, Beeman is complainant and Archie W. Wilkinson, Francis Beeman and Archie W. Wilkinson defendants. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the said County (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said county holds its sessions) on Wednesday, the 11th day of August, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described real estate: All those certain pieces or parcels of land, situate and being in the Township of Sylvania, in the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: Four acres off from the south side of the north quarter of the south side of the north quarter of section twelve, also the east half of the north quarter of section thirteen, excepting and reserving the south thirty-four acres thereof, heretofore sold and conveyed.

O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner. G. W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant. The above foreclosure sale adjourned until August 25th, 1897, at 12 o'clock, noon, of said day. Dated Ann Arbor Mich., August 11, 1897. O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner. G. W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant. The above foreclosure sale adjourned until September 8th, 1897, at 12 o'clock, noon, of said day. Dated Ann Arbor, Mich., August 25, 1897. O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner. G. W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant. The above foreclosure sale adjourned until September 22nd, 1897, at 12 o'clock, noon, of said day. Dated Ann Arbor, Mich., Sept. 8, 1897. O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner. G. W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant.